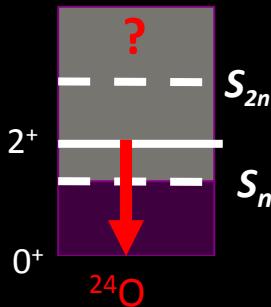
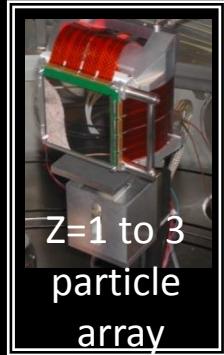




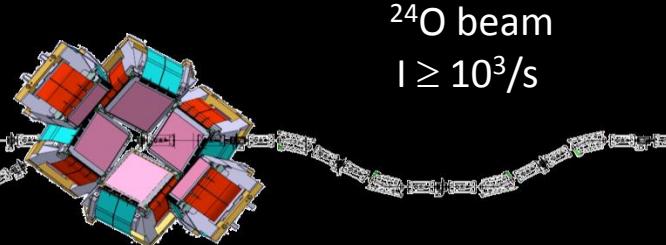
ESNT
31st March -11 April 2014



Resonances of ^{24}O and proton-nucleus interaction potentials of $^{21-24}\text{O}$
via (p,p') scattering at RIBF
using the MUST2 array



Z=1 to 3
particle
array



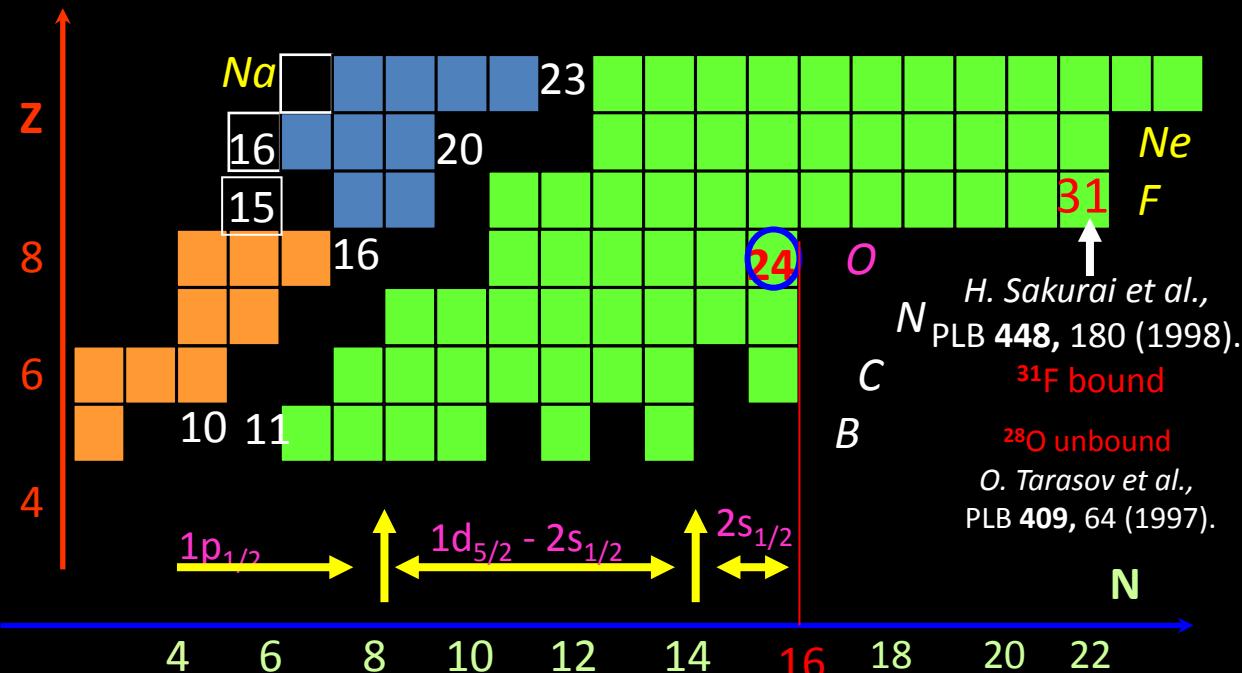
^{24}O beam
 $I \geq 10^3/\text{s}$



RIBF !

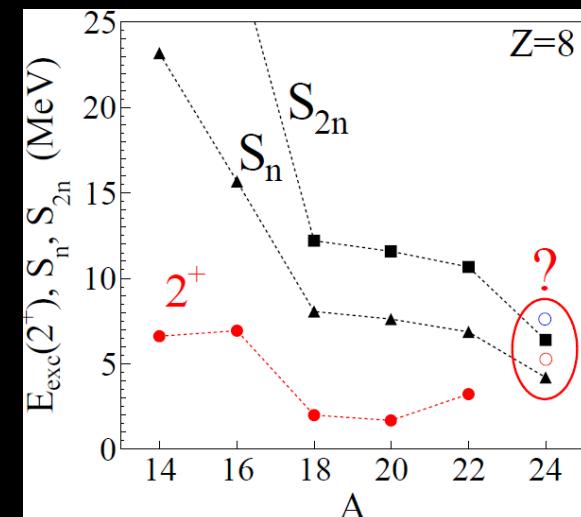
doubly-magic A/Z=3
 $T_{1/2}=65$ ms N=16
possible n-skin

^{24}O : a long story of a nuclear problem for French-Japanese teams!



Location of the drip line for light nuclei influenced by the 3-nucleon forces
ab-initio calculations by G. Hagen et al., PRC **80**, 021306 ('09).
T. Otsuka et al., PRL **105**, 032501, (2010).

Last bound N = 16

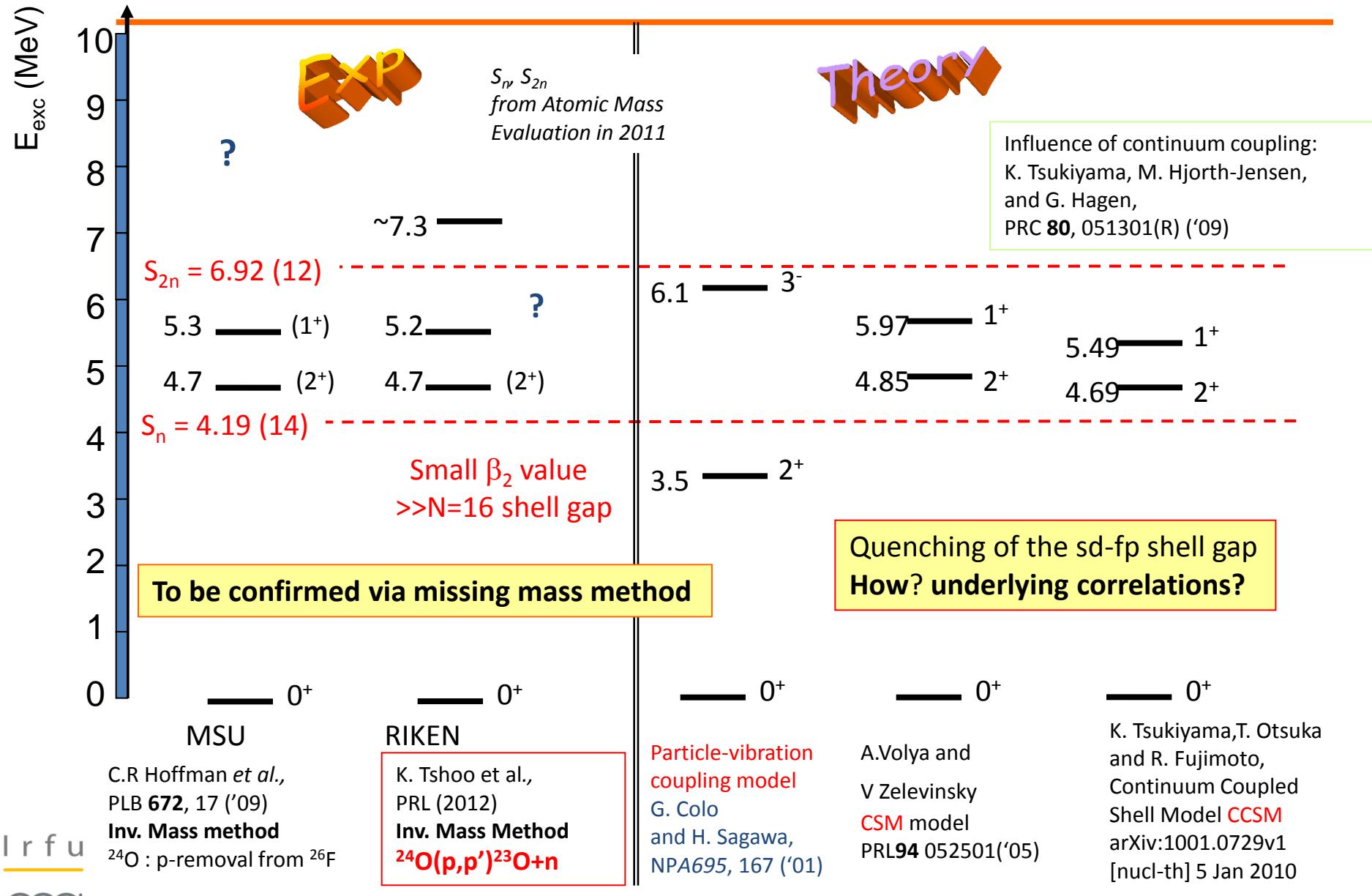


No Gamma: M. Stanoiu et al.,
PRC **69**, 034312 (2004)
A. Ozawa et al. PRL **84**, 24 (2000)
Sn trend with Tz
→ possible change at N=16
→ T. Otsuka et al., PRL 2001-2010

Challenges for nuclear models:
treatment and interplay between correlations, tensor,
3-body forces, continuum coupling effects

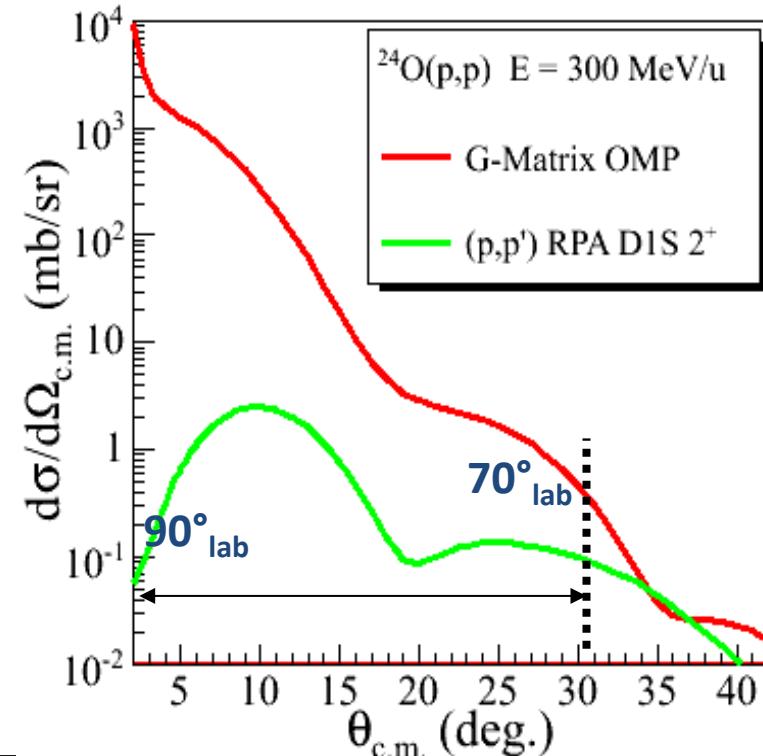
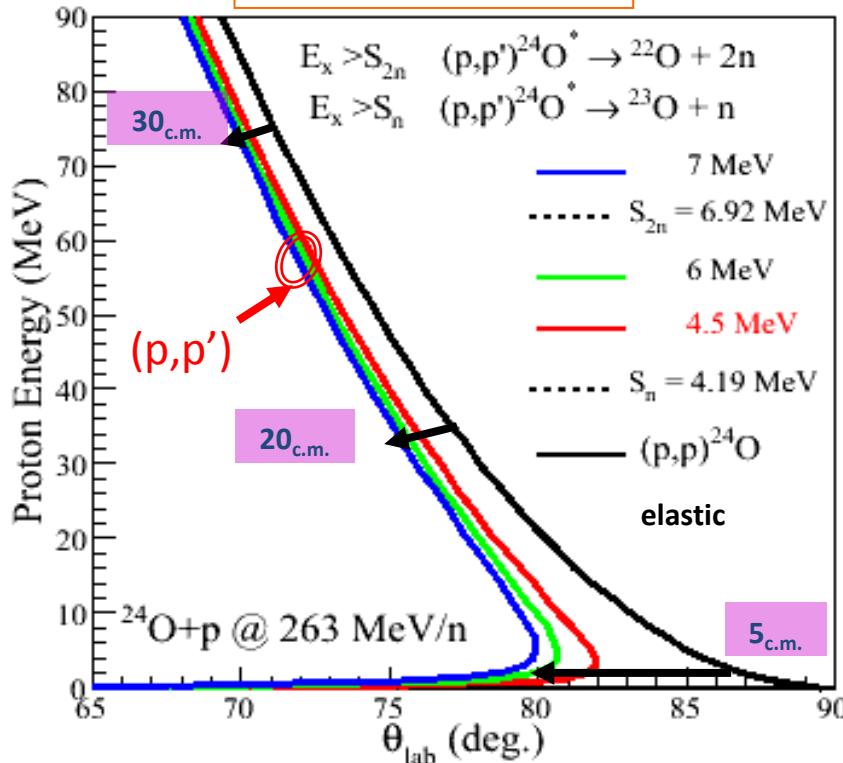
Evolution of the structure
at large isospin ?
→ structure
→ unbound excited states

Low-lying excited states of ^{24}O , experiments and calculations



(depending on transition densities, transition strength)

^{24}O has no bound excited state ; $S_n = 4.19(10) \text{ MeV}$ from Mass Eval. in 2011
 >> unbound states via (p,p') & particle spectroscopy >> missing mass method

 $^{24}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p}') @ 263 \text{ MeV/n}$ Reaction energy conservation - Ex from (E_p, p)

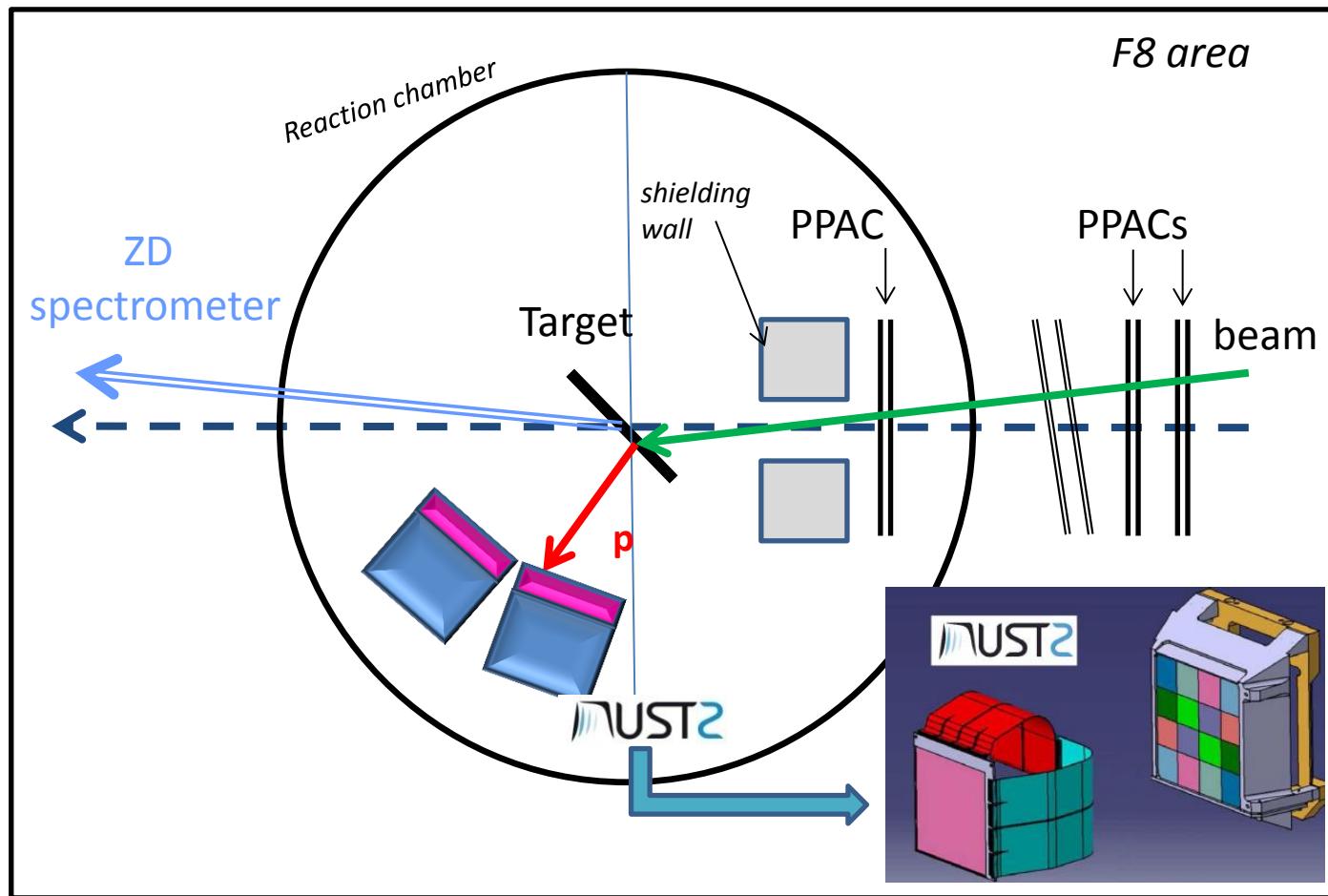
$$(M_{\text{recoil}} c^2)^2 = (E_0)^2 + 2(p_{\text{inc}} c^2)(p_p c^2) (\cos \Theta_p) - 2T_p(E_{\text{inc}} + m_p c^2)$$

$$E_{\text{ex}} = M_{\text{recoil}} c^2 - E_0$$

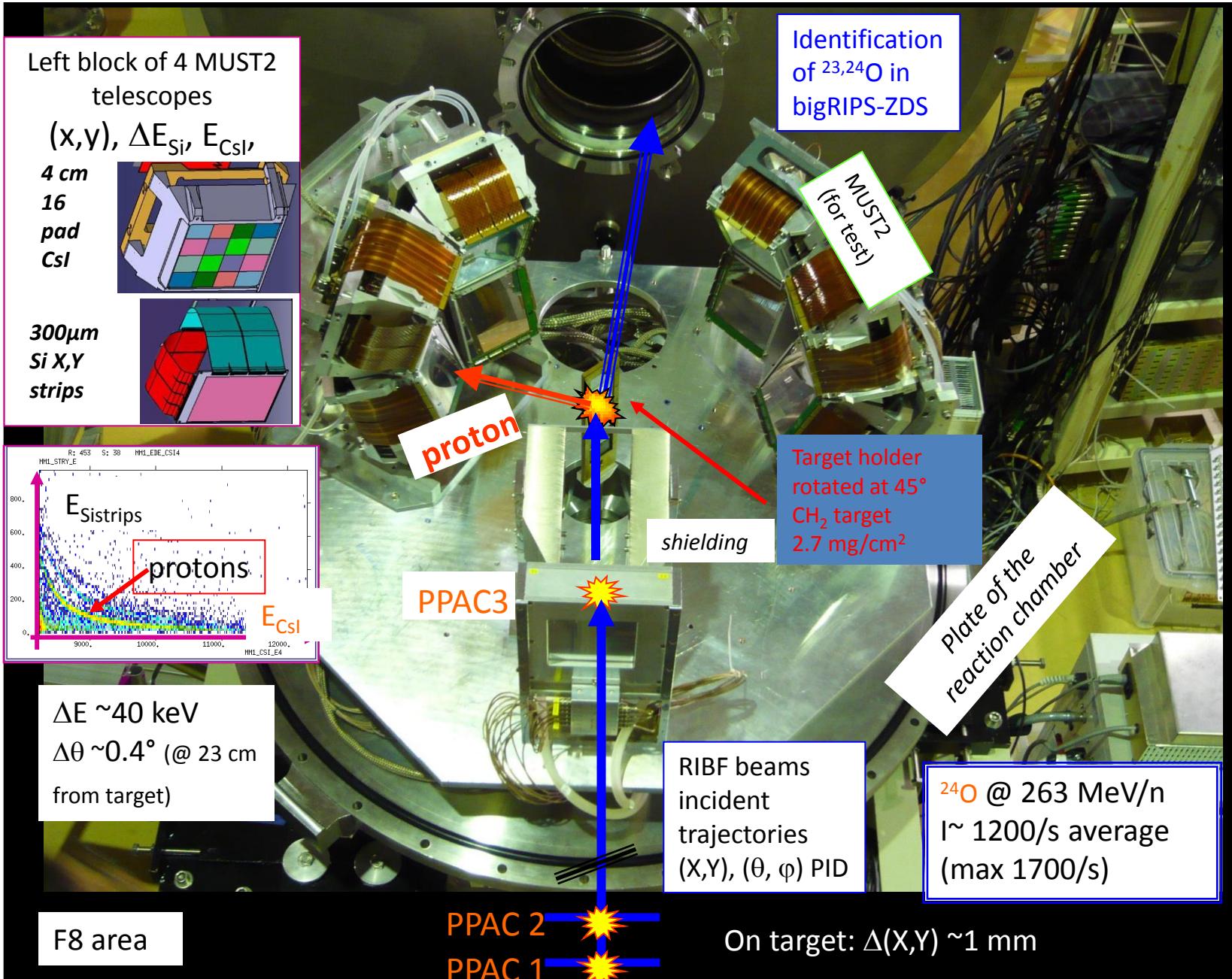
Non-local g-matrix potential approach
 (p,p) M. Dupuis et al. PRC **73**, 014605 ('06)
 (p,p') ; PLB **665**, 152 ('08) RPA+D1S

ASSETS: Ex up to 35 MeV, exclusive, angular distributions

RIBF57 Experimental set-up



TOP VIEW: MUST2 telescopes in F8 reaction chamber, PPAC and target holder



Experimental set-up: BigRIPS, MUST2 and ZDS, production and PID of ^{24}O

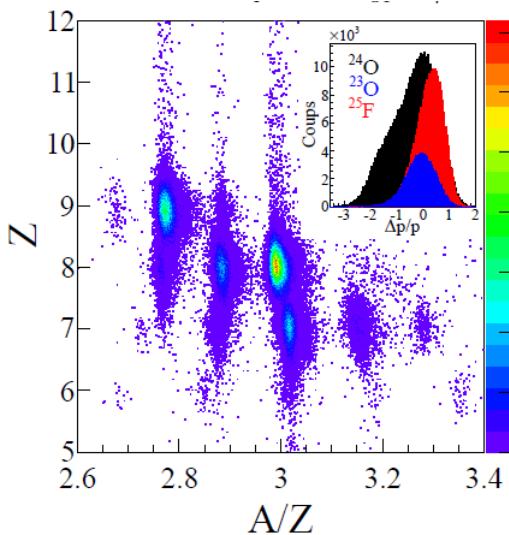
ZDS PID via DE-TOF-B ρ

ZDS

$\text{dp}/\text{p} = 6\%$ large acceptance mode
 X,Y,T PPAC F9 (E,T) plastics F9-F11 (3.1mm)
 3 settings Brho=7.49T.m,
 $-^{23}\text{O} : -4.17\% ; -^{22}\text{O} : -4.34\%$



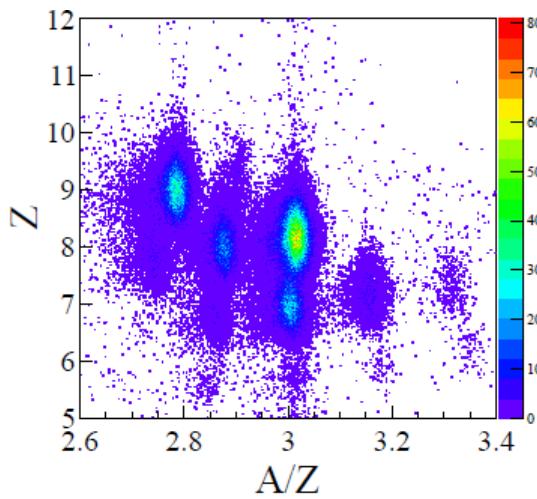
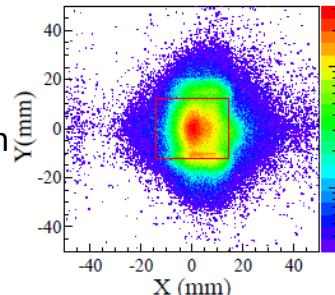
BigRIPS PID via DE-TOF-B ρ



PhD analysis by
 S. Boissinot, SPhN

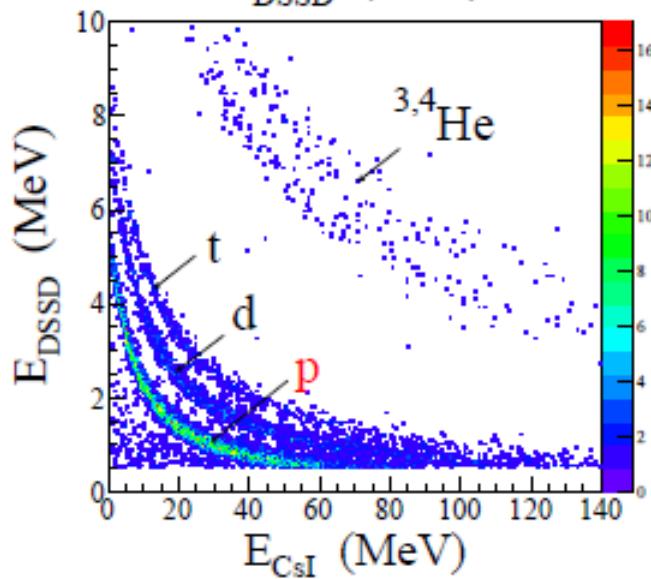
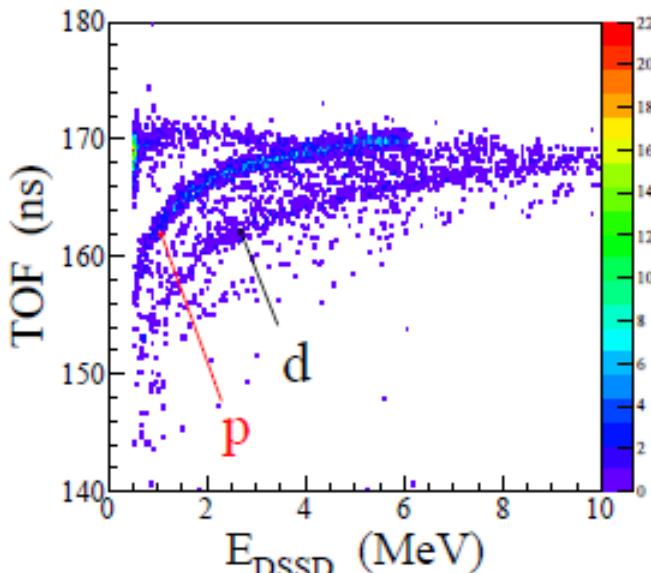
PPACs in F8 beam reconstruction on target
 (FWHM) in X: 9; Y : 12mm
 Angle 0.77°; total <2°

resolution
 $\sigma_x = 1.2$; $\sigma_y = 1.3$ mm
 $\sigma(\theta) = 0.04$ deg
 Efficiency: 92%

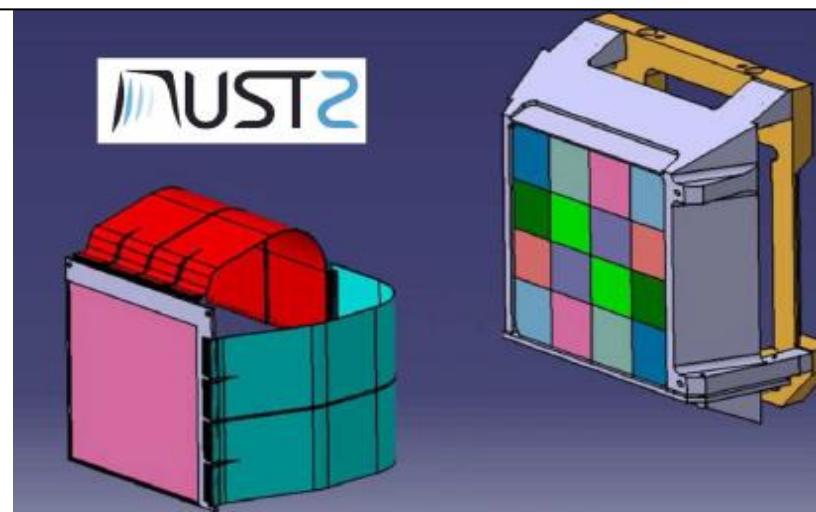


Total (^{24}O) = $1.05 \cdot 10^9$ in 7 days (1760/s) for 1^{ary} beam @ 180 pnA
Purity 2.5% of the beam (including A/Z = 3 particles) DE/E (beam) = 9%

MUST2 light charged particle spectroscopy array



➤ collaboration IRFU, IPN Orsay, GANIL
➤ 8 telescopes $10 \times 10 \text{ cm}^2$ Si-strips/(SiLi 4.5 mm)/CsI
➤ high granularity 128 (X,Y)
ASIC electronics ‘MATE’ Time and Energy for each channel developed by DAPNIA/SEDI
➤ Compact geometry - 1400 channels (E,T)
E. Pollacco *et al.*, EPJA **25**, s01, 287 (2005).



Si 300 μm 128(X,Y) Resolutions:

$\Delta E \sim 45 \text{ keV}$ at 5.5 MeV; $\Delta x, \Delta y \sim 0.53 \text{ mm}$

$\Delta\theta_{\text{lab}} \sim 0.2^\circ$ at 15cm $\Delta T \sim 1.5 \text{ ns}$

CsI 40 mm ; 16 pads $3 \times 3 \text{ cm}^2$ $\Delta E/E \sim 8\%$ @ 5 MeV

Conditions for RIBF57:

$\theta_{\text{lab}} \sim 0.17^\circ$ at 23cm ; $\sigma(E_x) = 34 \text{ keV}$; $\sigma(E_y) = 38 \text{ keV}$

Si Threshold **400 keV** $400 \text{ keV} < E_p < 6.2 \text{ MeV}$

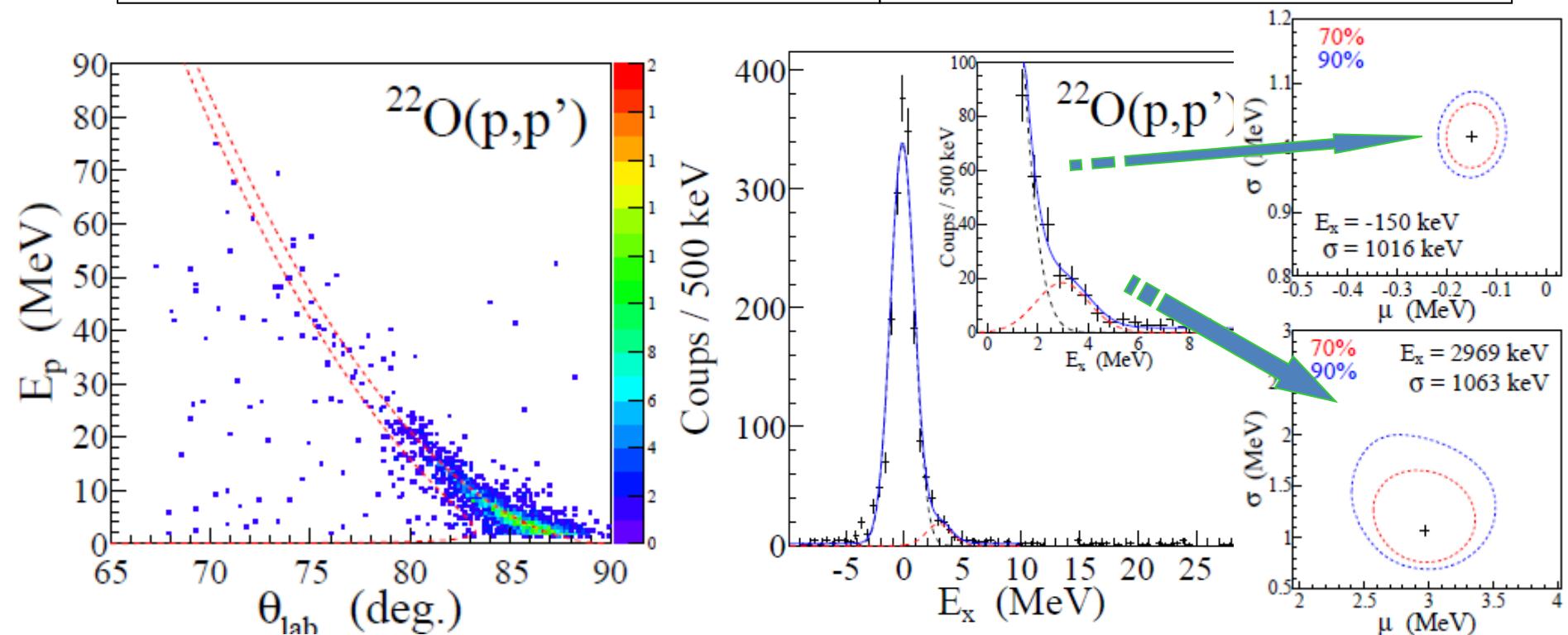
$1 \text{ MeV} < E_{\text{CsI}} < 90 \text{ MeV}$

Analysis for the reference experiment: $^{22}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p}')$

One day statistics ^{22}O ; intensity $\sim 1.4 \cdot 10^4/\text{s}$; $E = 262.5 \text{ MeV/u}$; $\text{CH}_2 2.7 \text{ mg/cm}^2$ at 45deg

All conditions: Target cut selection +PID BigRIPS , ZDS
MUST2 kinematics for $1.6 < E_{\text{p}} < 90 \text{ MeV}$; $67 < \theta_{\text{lab}} < 90^\circ$ lab

Whole statistics of the elastic and inelastic data
 $^{22}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p}')$ 1936 counts



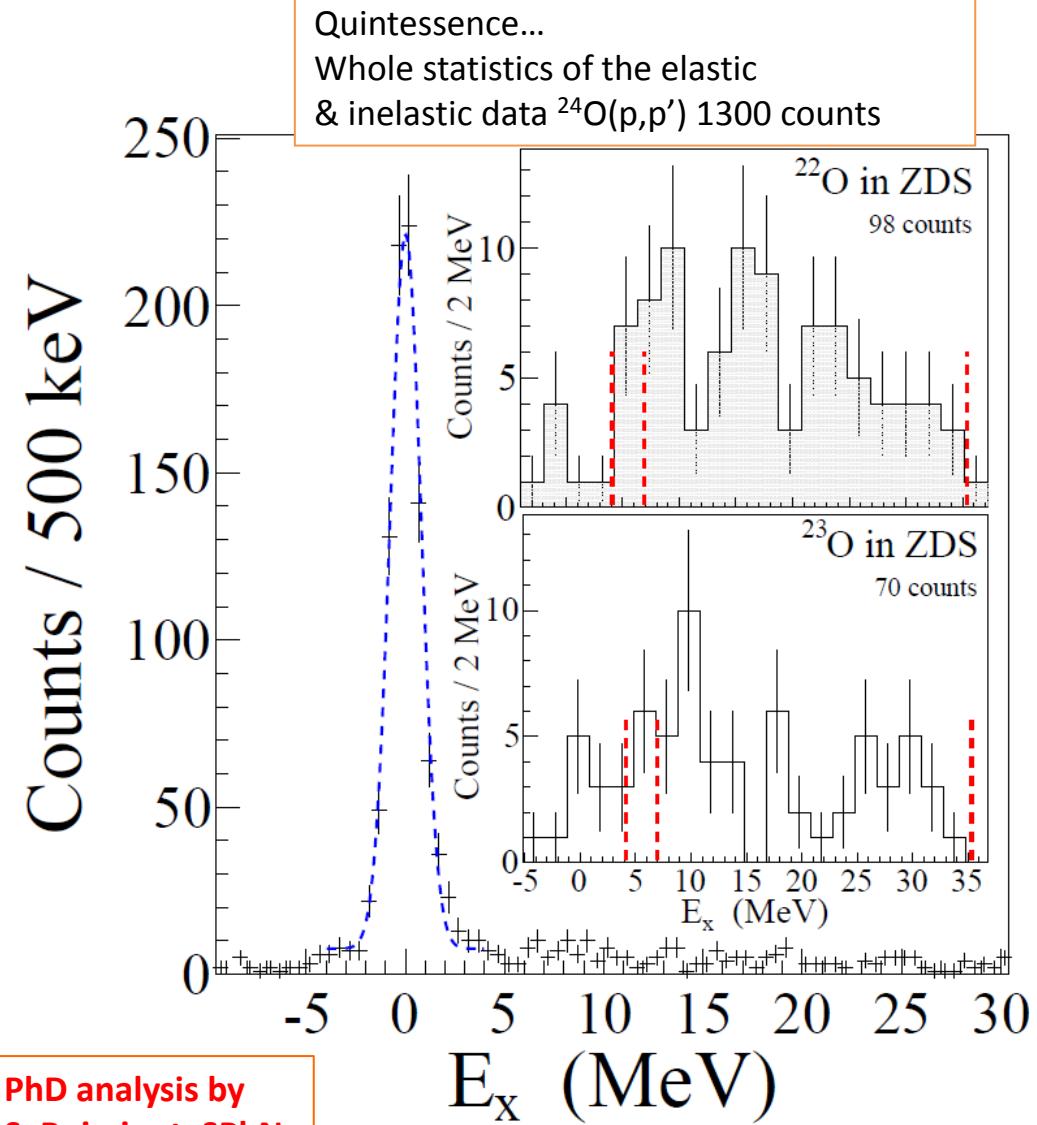
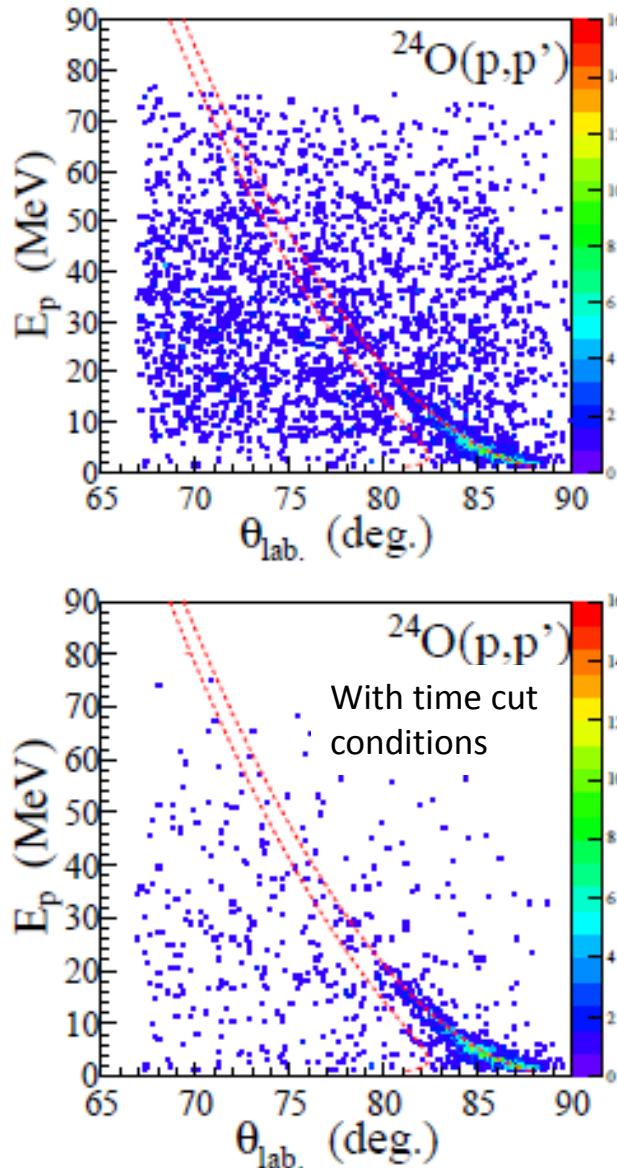
gamma-spectroscopy $3.199(8) \text{ MeV}$
M. Stanoiu et al., PRC 69, 034312 (2004)

Here: $E_x = 3.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$;
 E_x resolution ~ 1.2 to 1.5 MeV

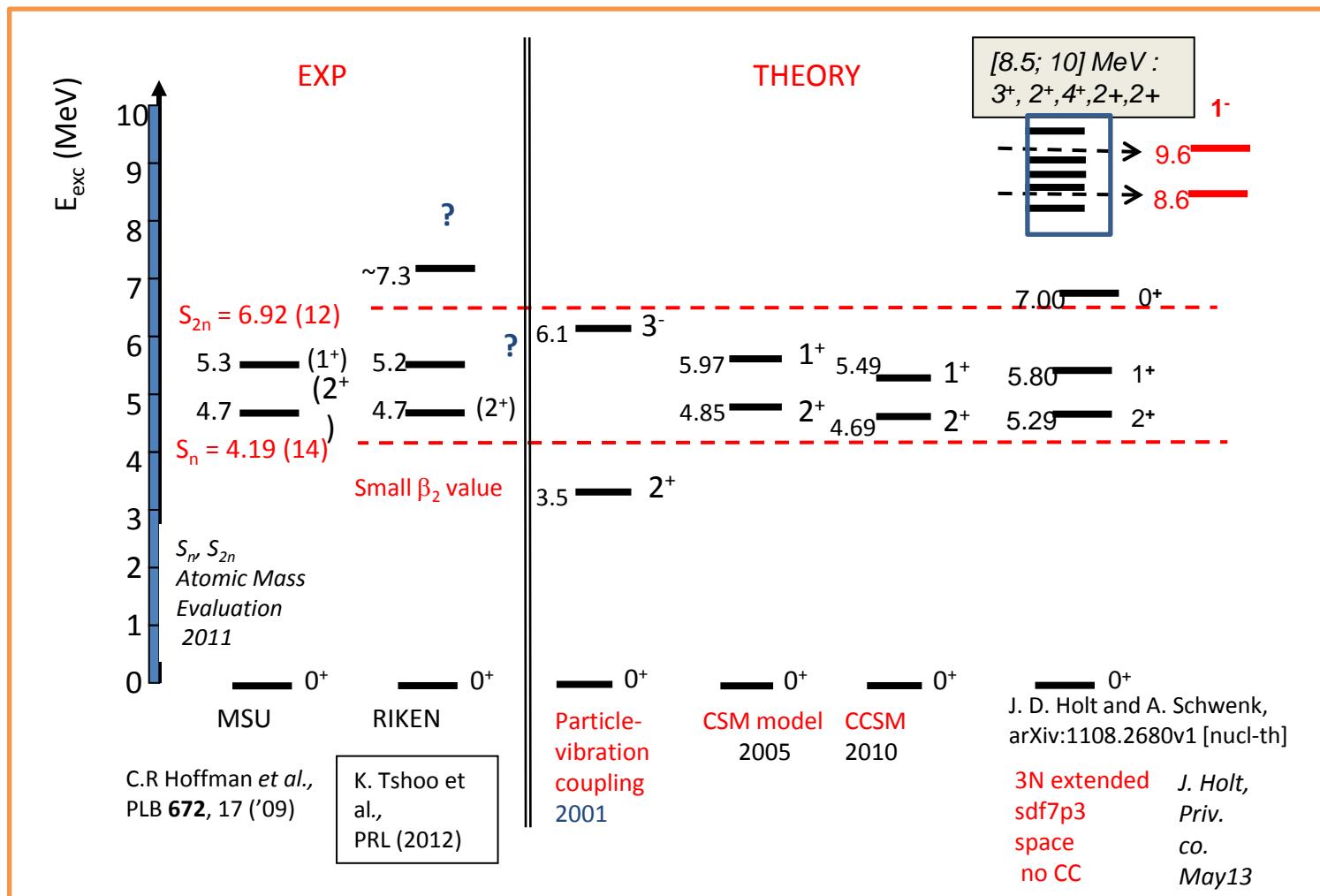
PhD analysis by
S. Boissinot, SPhN

Elastic % (p,p') orders of magnitude
>> in agreement with calculations at 262.5 MeV/n

Kinematics and Ex spectra $^{24}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p}')$ @ 263 A.MeV



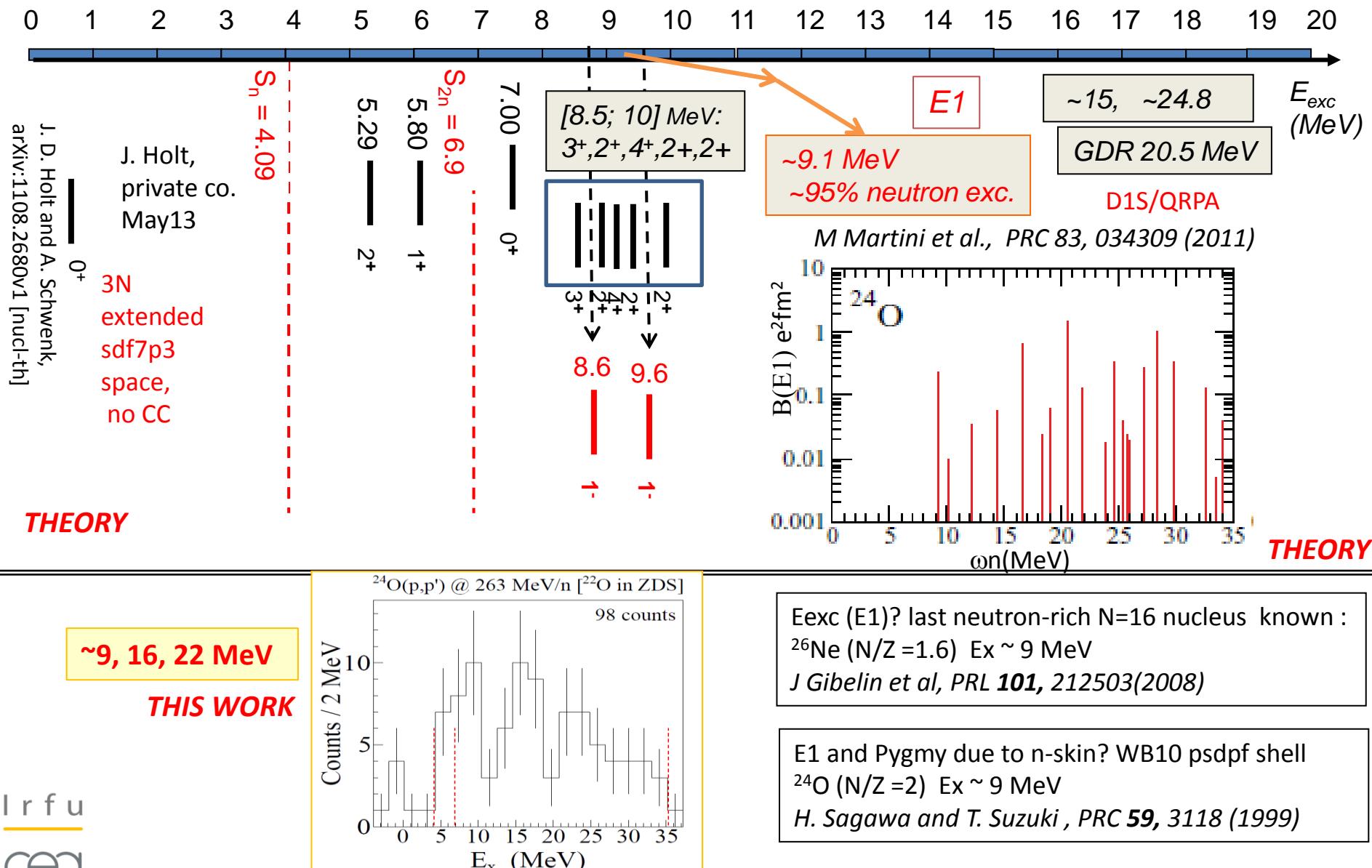
Theoretical calculations for the spectroscopy of ^{24}O , cases of large valence space



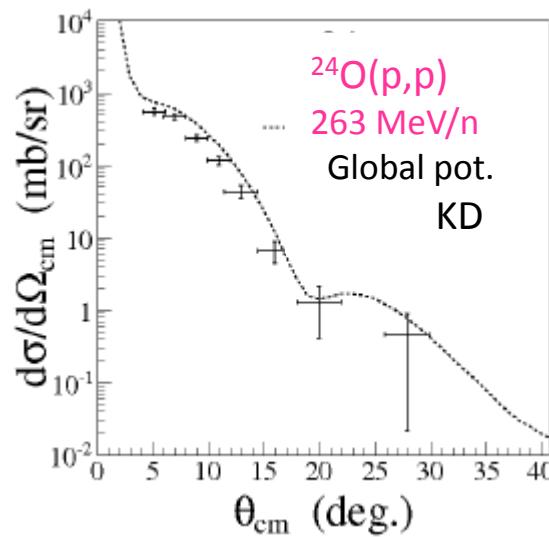
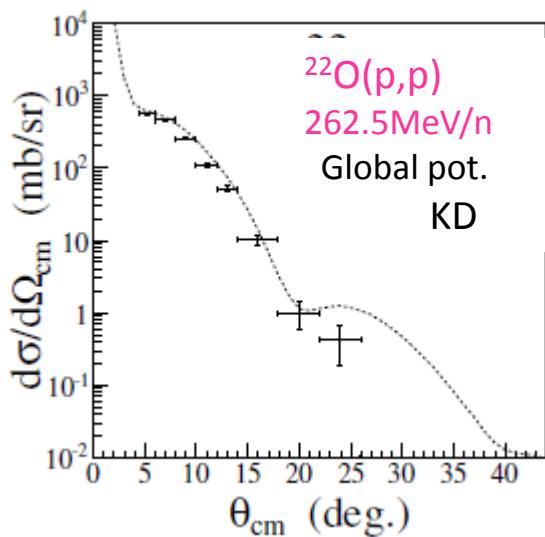
Particle-vibration coupling model
G. Colo and H. Sagawa,
NPA695, 167 ('01)

Inclusion of f7/2 p3/2
J.D Holt, J.Menendez, A.Schwenk,
EPJA **49**, 39 (2013).

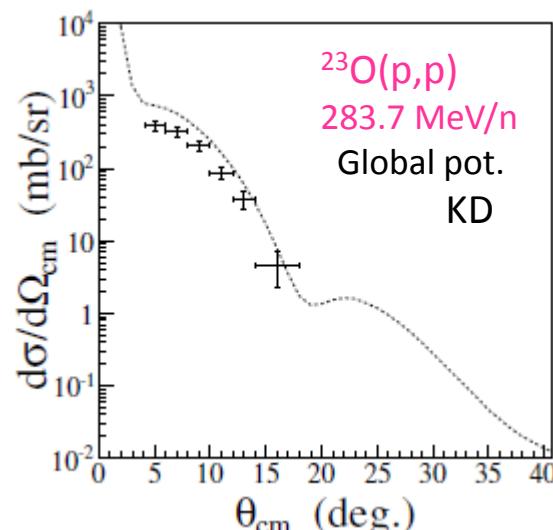
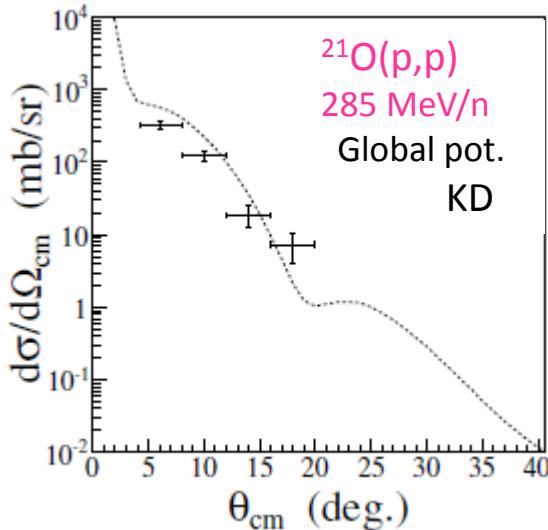
Unbound excited states of ^{24}O above S_{2n} , experiment and calculations



Exclusive cross sections for $^{21,22,23,24}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p})$



OMP Calculations
ECIS 06 code
(J Raynal CEA-SPhT)
+ Koning-Delaroche (KD)
global nucleus-nucleon
Potential
NPA713, 231(2003)



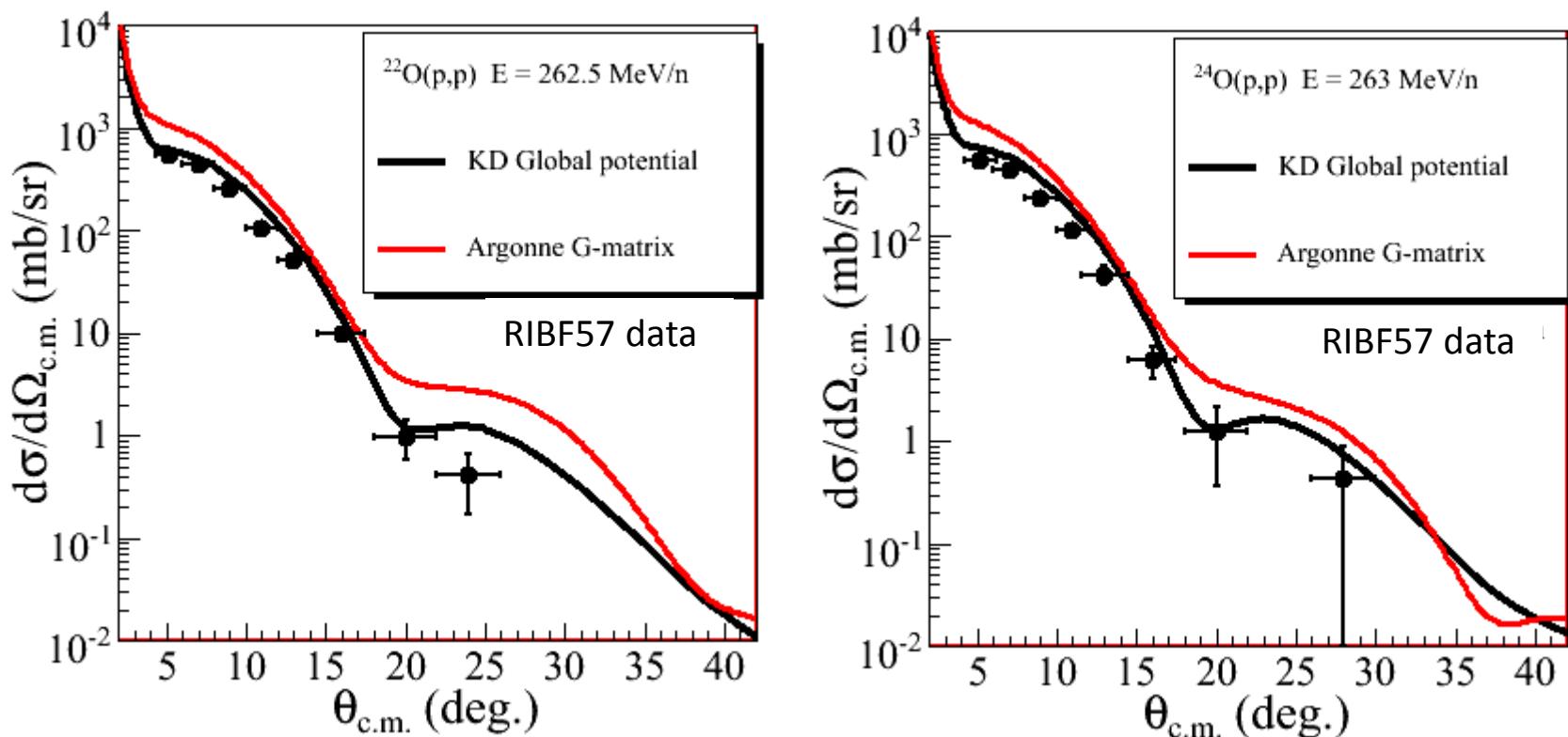
Full statistics
on target (all runs)

$\mathbf{N(^{22}\text{O}) = 1.09 \text{ E+09}}$
(1day)

$\mathbf{N(^{24}\text{O}) = 1.05 \text{ E+09}}$
(7 days)

OMP G –matrix calculations for $^{22}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p})$ and $^{24}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p})$

Microscopic potentials OMP: H Arellano Univ of Chile,
Densities CEA-DAM HFB D1S Gogny; ^{22}O (rms)_m = 3.0 fm; ^{24}O (rms)_m = 3.3 fm.
Cf H. F. Arellano and M. Girod PRC 76, 034602 (2007)
Scattering based on Argonne18 bare potential.
Same for Melbourne G-matrix interaction: M Dupuis et al CEA BIII.



Global potentials (KD)
(VIx) OMP with ECIS 06



Conclusions and perspectives

+ Doing (p,p') particle spectroscopy for ^{24}O : to have 1000/s at RIBF we worked at 263. A.MeV

→ low cross sections, triton contamination due to A/Z=3

Difficult path (9,4m³ + heavy 1852kg of MUST2 equipments !)

but unique way to obtain (p,p) up to now: I ~ 1700/s @RIBF

+ Combination of state-of-the-art particle detector array MUST2 and BigRIPS

+ unique worldwide RIBF intensities >>> Rare data but very exclusive

+ Analysis of Ex spectrum UP TO 35 MeV → E1 window !!

Indication of structures at ~ 9 MeV, 16 and 22 (2) MeV

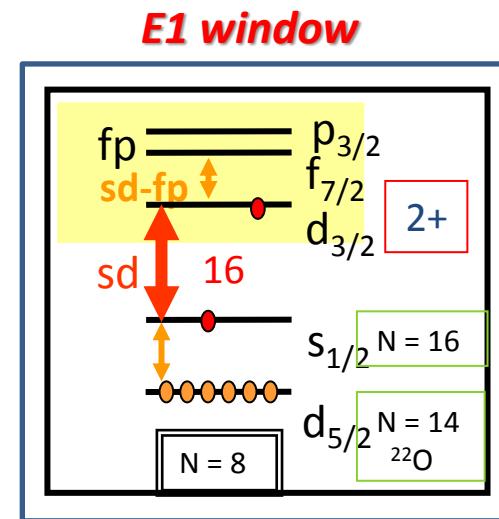
Low integrated (p,p') yields for states below S_{2n} , $\sigma(2+) < 0.4 \text{ mb}$

→ low transition strength,
within microscopic reaction models $\sigma(2+) = 0.53 \text{ mb}$

→ consistent with the N=16 shell gap from Tshoo et al.

Further: study of states > S_{2n} ,

possible probes for the sd-fp shell gap at N = 16 studied within
models including 3-body interaction and extended sd-fp space.



+ First (p,p) elastic cross sections at RIBF energies E~260 -290MeV/n

Systems: $^{24}\text{O}(p,p)$ ^{23}O also for ^{23}F + reference $^{22}\text{O}(p,p)$ + ^{21}O also for ^{25}F (Chen, Otsu et al.)

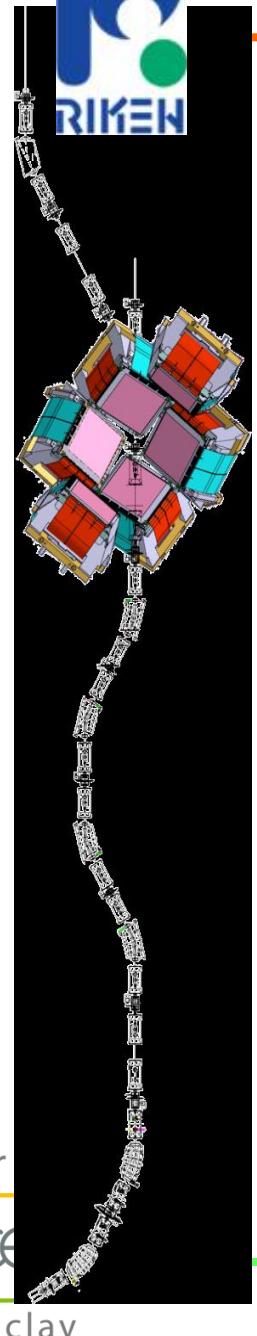
→ Whole set of (p,p) for $^{21,22,23,24}\text{O}$: comparison to OMP microscopic calculations

Further: Extend the reaction models to include (p,pX) knock-out contributions

→ Extract the range for the matter rms radii, - smaller rms from σ_1 measurements

Values consistent with the (p,p) data are: ^{22}O (rms)_m = 3.0 fm; ^{24}O (rms)_m = 3.3 fm.(within +/- 0.15 fm)

Collaboration of the $^{24}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p}')$ RIBF 57 experiment



Spokespersons:

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RIKEN RIBF

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