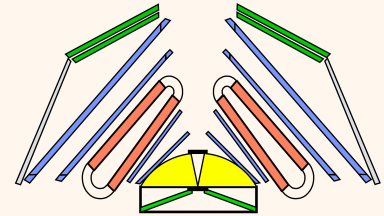
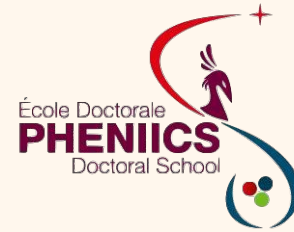


# Preliminary study of Short-Range Correlations in $\pi^- + {}^{12}\text{C}$ reaction @0.69 GeV/c with HADES.

Fatima Hojeij, IJCLab

For the HADES Collaboration

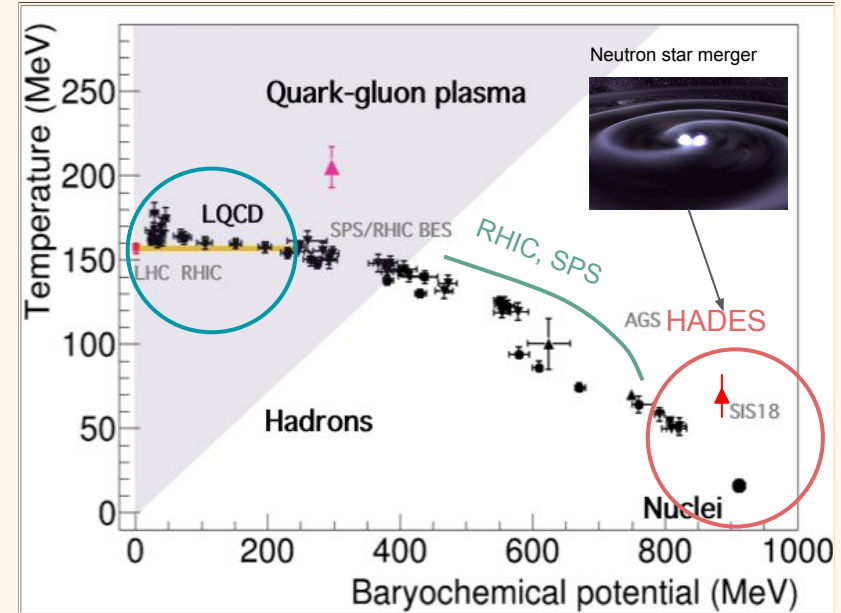
4th International Workshop on Quantitative Challenges in Short-Range  
Correlations and the EMC Effect Research, 31.01.2023, Saclay



# The QCD phase diagram studies

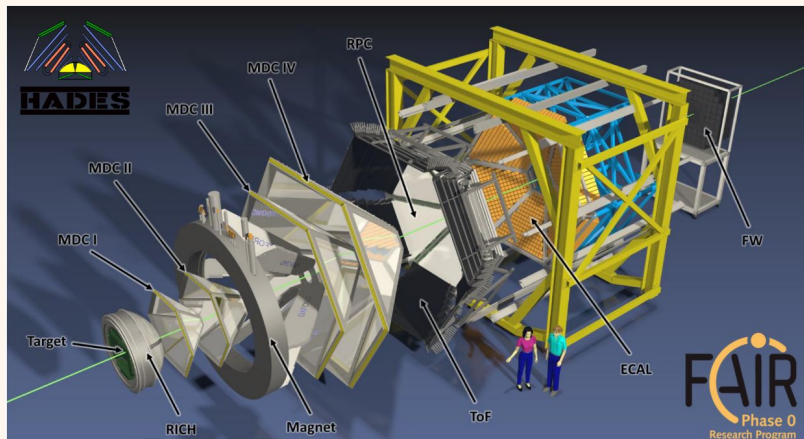
## HADES objectives :

- ❖ Explore the high- $\mu_B$  region of the QCD matter phase diagram (heavy-ion beams)
  - Complementary to LHC, SPS, RHIC, etc ...
    - A+A: 1-3A GeV
    - $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=2-2.4$  GeV
  
- ❖ Microscopic structure of baryon dominated matter.
  - Role of baryonic resonances (excited states of nucleons).



T. Galatyuk, NPA-D-18-00411 (2018) QM18

# High Acceptance DiElectron Spectrometer (GSI, Darmstadt)

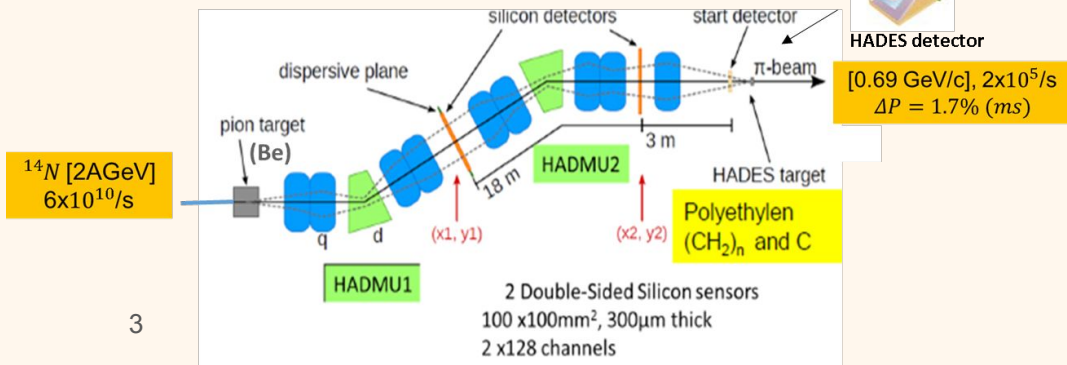


Fixed target experiment at SIS18 (GSI, Germany)

- Ring Imaging Cherenkov (RICH) for identifying  $e^+e^-$   $0.1 \text{ GeV} < p < 1.5 \text{ GeV}$ .
- Magnet spectrometer
- Tracking: Low mass **M**ulti-wire-**D**rift-**C**hambers (24 trapezoidal planar MDCs)
- Identification of charged hadrons: Tracking + **T**ime of **f**light walls RPC and ToF.
- Acceptance: Azimuthal angles 85% (6 sectors), Polar angles:  $18^\circ - 85^\circ$

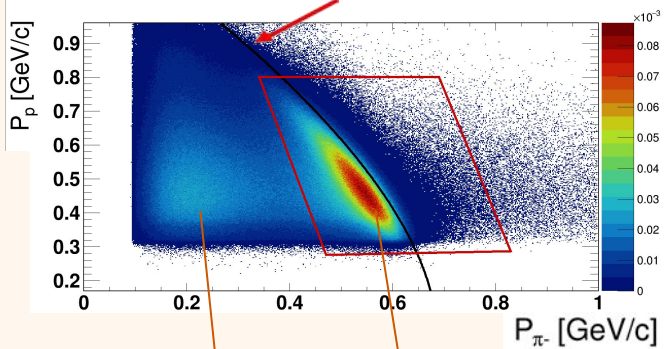
## Our aim :

- Investigate various exit channels  $\pi^- + 12\text{C}$  reaction ( $p\pi^-$  quasi-elastic,  $p\pi^-\pi^-$ ,  $pp\pi^-$ ,  $\pi^-\pi^+$ ,  $\pi^-\pi^-$ , etc..) for 2nd resonance region in order to constrain the description of various processes : quasi-elastic, rescattering, pion absorption in cascade models (INCL++) and transport models (SMASH, rQMD, GIBUU).
- **Sensitivity of our data to Short-Range Correlations ?**



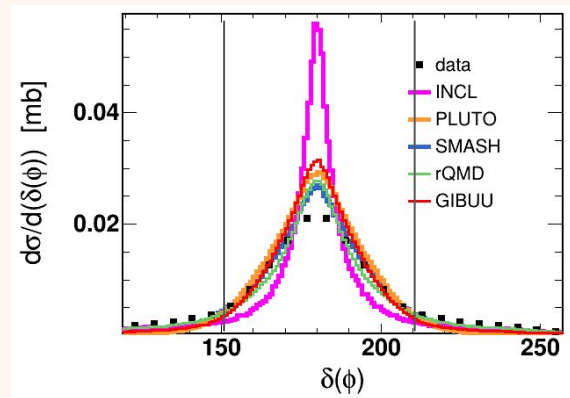
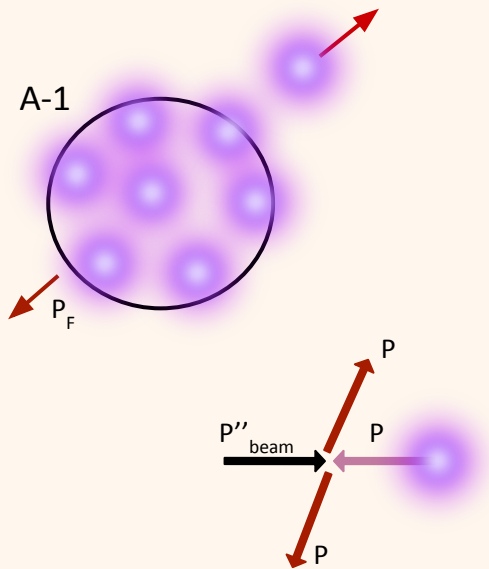
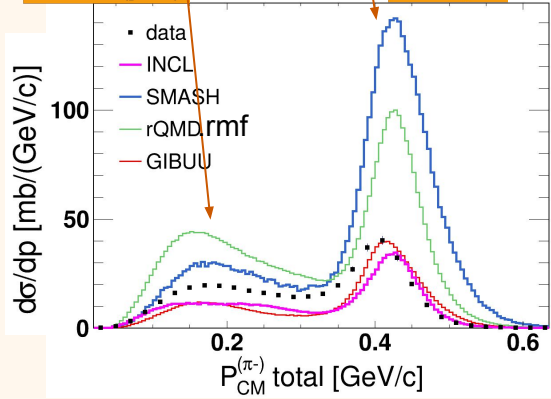
# Selection of quasi-elastic channel

$p_p$  vs  $p_\pi$  typical of binary reaction  $\pi^- + p \rightarrow \pi^- + p$



Inelastic ( $p\pi\pi$ )

« QE »  $p\pi^-$



« QE selection » :  
Momentum correlation + coplanarity condition

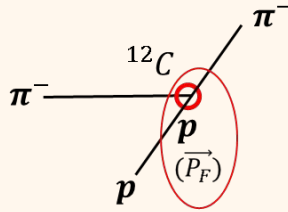
- SMASH & rQMD overestimate  $p\pi^-$  channel.
- GIBUU & INCL : underestimates  $\pi^-p$  channel especially inelastic channel.

# Quasi-elastic for Short Range Correlations ?

## « pure quasi-elastic » :

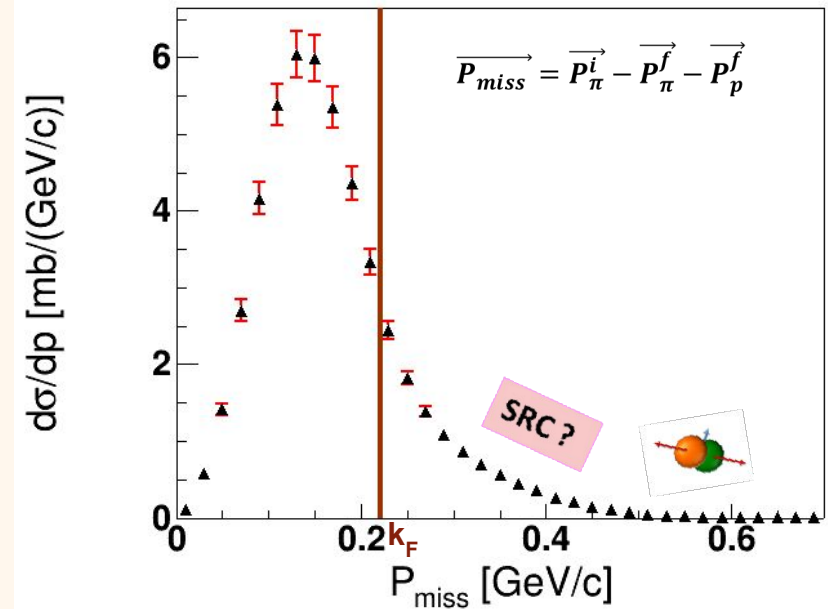
one single  $\pi^- + p \rightarrow \pi^- + p$  step, no rescattering.

$$\vec{P}_{\text{miss}} = -\vec{P}_F$$



### SRC :

Nucleon pairs that are close together in the nucleus high relative and low c.m. momentum, compared to the Fermi momentum ( $k_F$ )

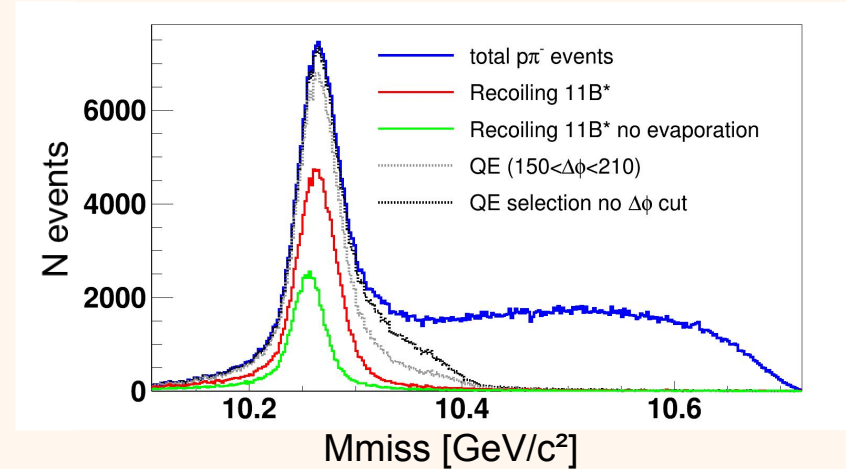
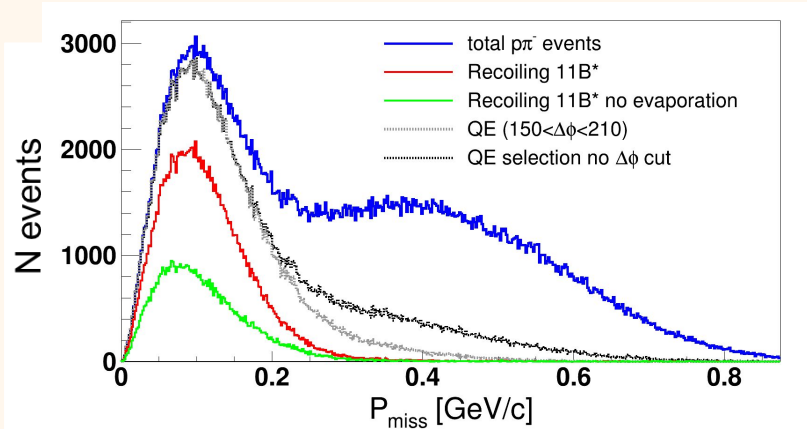


- Large tail for high proton momentum in Carbon. SRC or rescattering effects?

# Investigation with INCL++

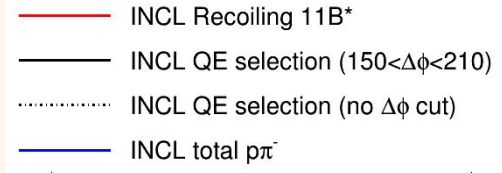
- Rescattering contribute at large  $M_{\text{miss}}$  and  $P_{\text{miss}}$ .
- Our cut only partly suppresses rescattering ; we go in more detail, as a function of  $P_{\pi^-}$ .

(A) (pure quasi-elastic) red : First collision is elastic &  $N_{\text{collisions}} = 1$   
green : (A) &  $N_{\text{part}} = 3$  &  $A_{\text{rem}} = 6$  &  $Z_{\text{rem}} = 5$  (no rescat/evap)  
QE selection : experimental cuts.

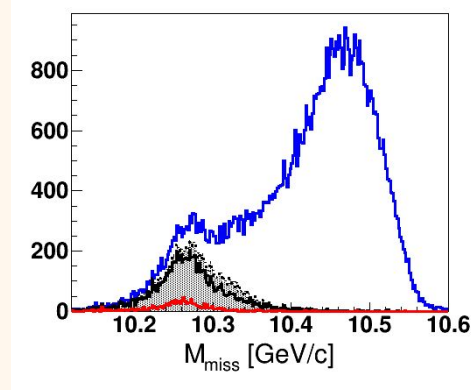


# Pion momentum for rescattering cuts (1)

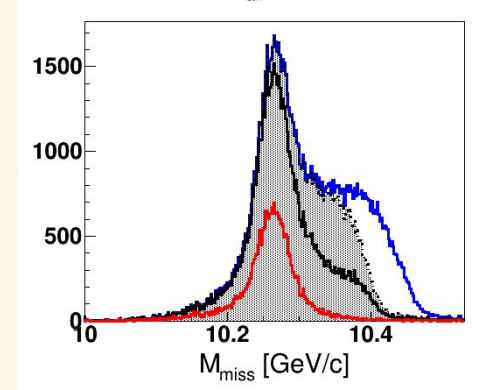
- Strong **effect of rescattering** at small pion momentum.
- According to INCL, rescatterings fully suppressed for  $P_\pi > 600$  MeV/c.
- Our « QE » selections really identify pure quasi-elastic processes for  $P_\pi > 600$  MeV/c.
- SRC could be visible (?).



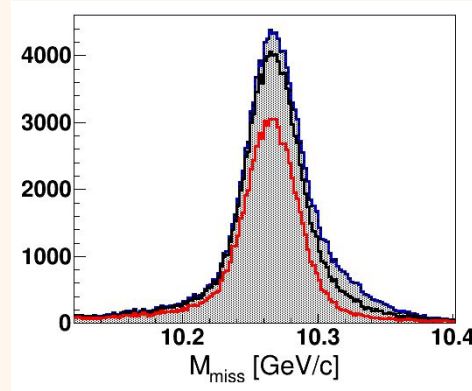
$300 < P_\pi < 400$  MeV/c



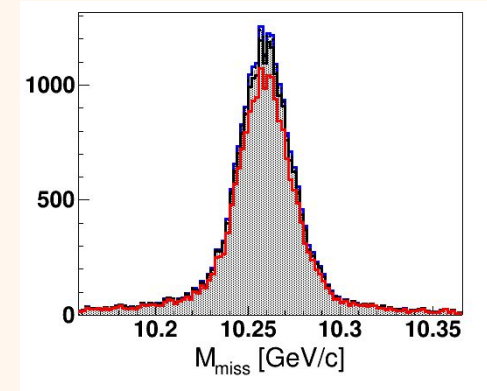
$400 < P_\pi < 500$  MeV/c



$500 < P_\pi < 600$  MeV/c



$P_\pi > 600$  MeV/c

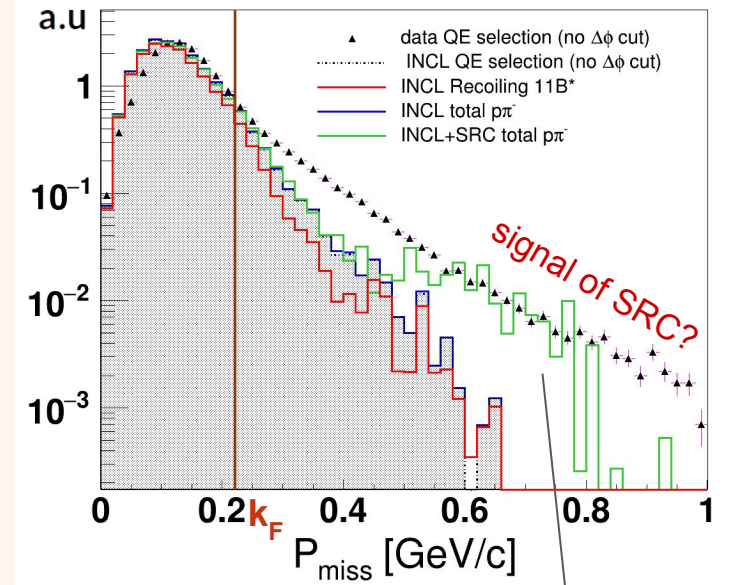
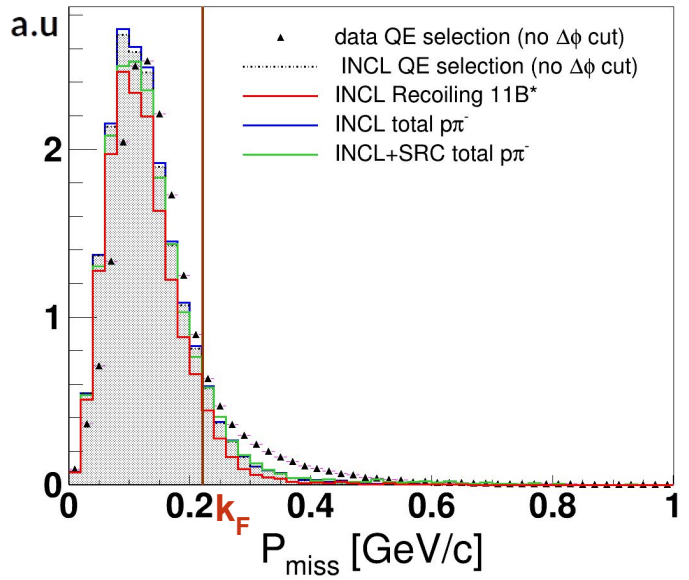


Nevents



# Pion momentum for rescattering cuts (2)

$P_{\pi} > 600 \text{ MeV}/c$



- Tail at large  $P_{\text{miss}}$  not due to rescatterings according to INCL++.
- Next step : look at pp & pn (neutron reconstruction using TOF & RPC and no track).

Jean-Christophe David's talk on Wednesday



# Search of SRC in $pp\pi^-$ events (I.Ciepal)

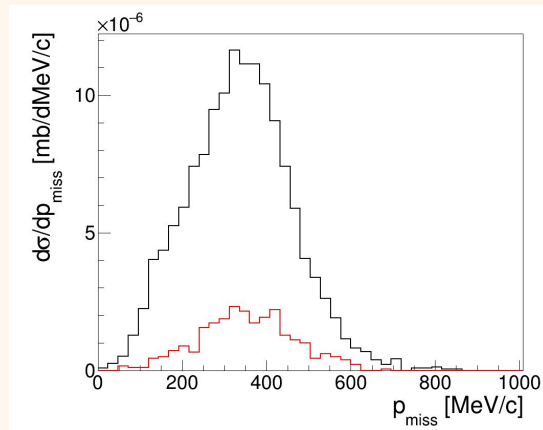
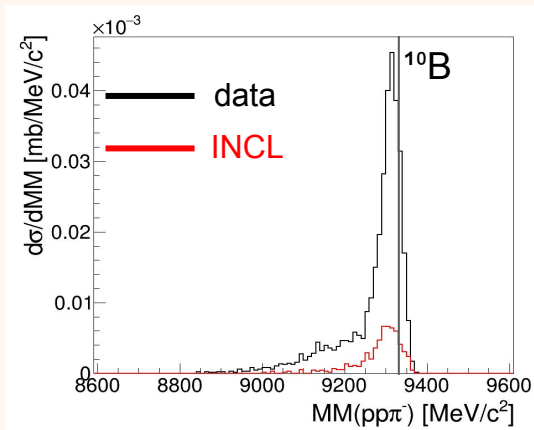
1) Select  $p\pi^-$  pairs from quasi-elastic process :

Graphical cut on  $P_p^{CM}$  vs  $P_{\pi^-}^{CM}$

Fullfill coplanarity condition  $\Delta\phi$

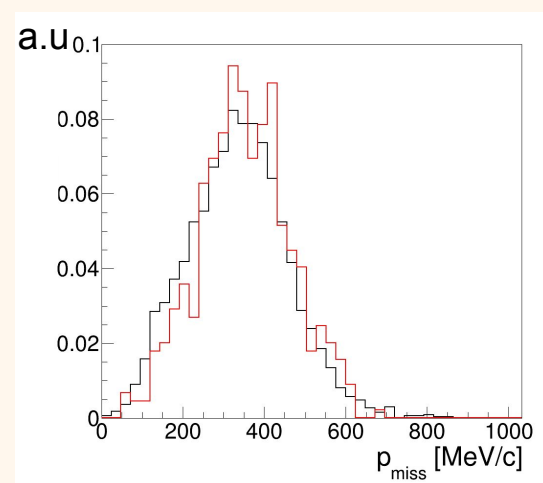
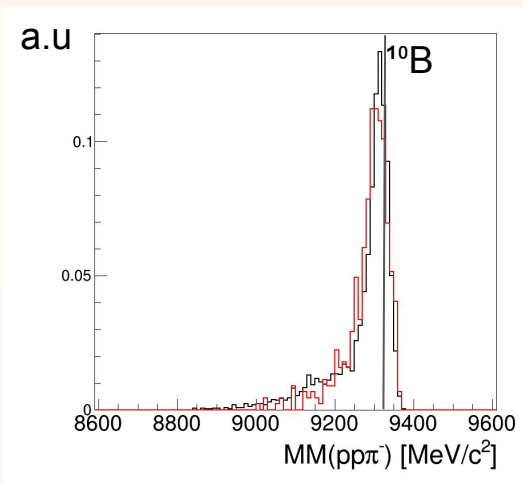
2) Suppress rescatterings :

$P_{\pi^-} > 500$  MeV/c.



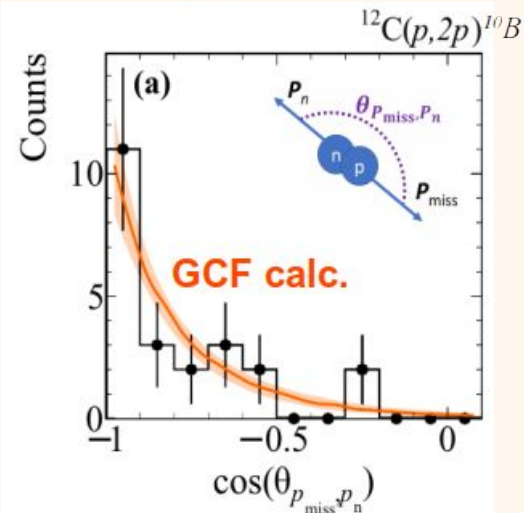
In INCL++, the two protons are emitted sequentially.  
Yield smaller than in the data, but distributions look similar.

→ no signals of SRCs



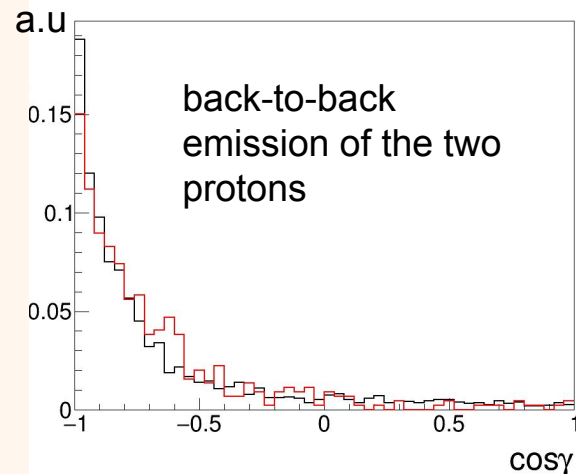
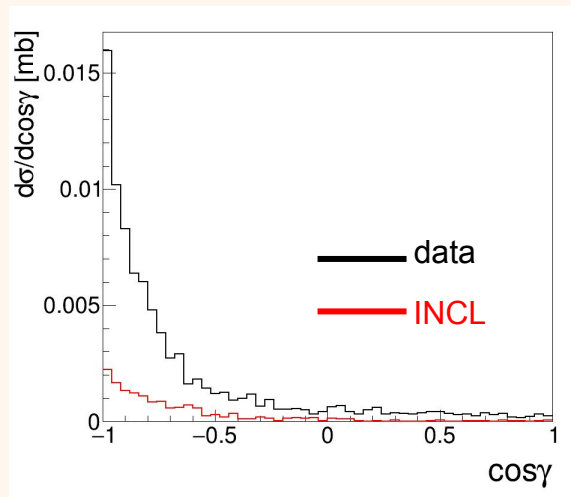
# Angular correlation (1) (I.Ciepal)

we expect back-to-back scattering with SRC



M. Patsyuk et al., Nat. Phys. 17, 693 (2021)

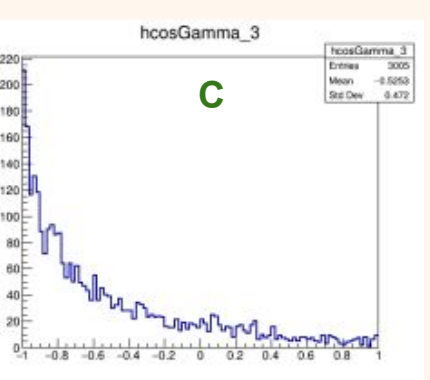
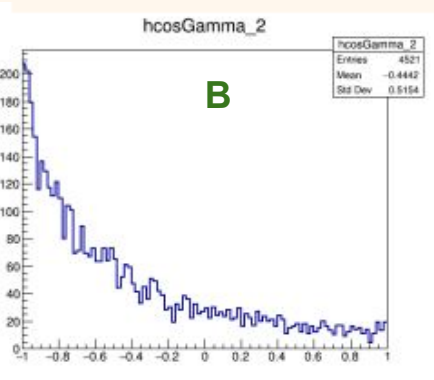
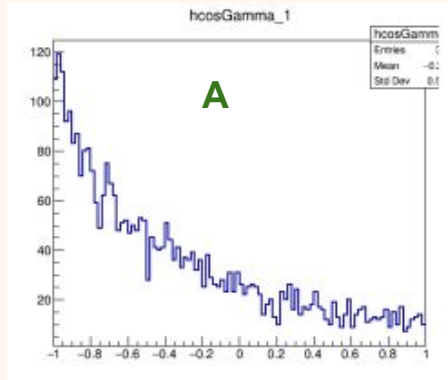
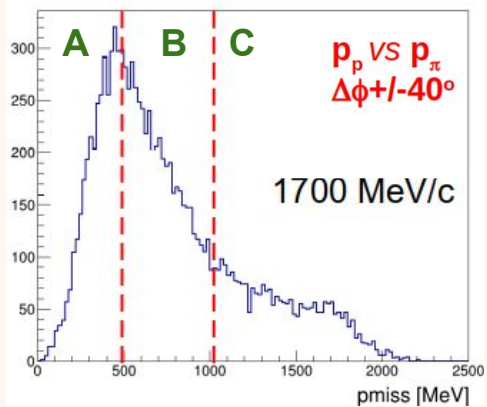
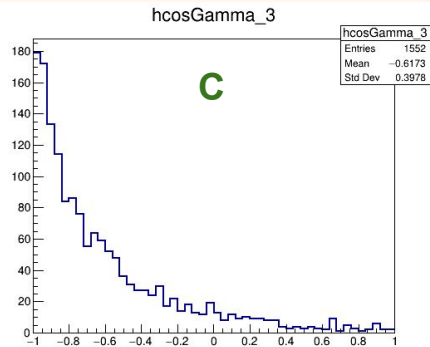
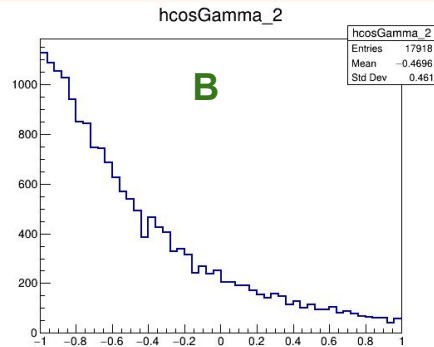
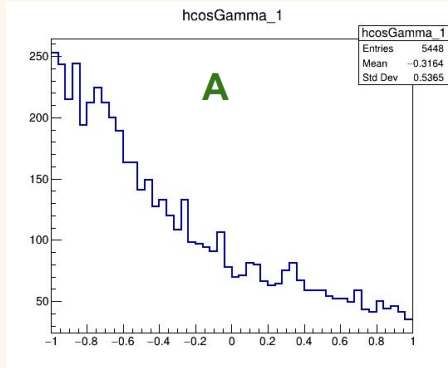
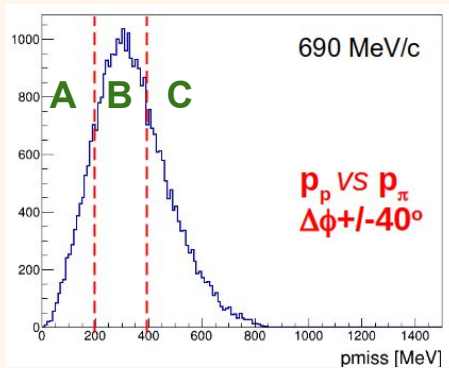
$pp\pi^-$



angle between initial momentum of participant proton and the recoil proton

Events from sequential emission also show the "back-to-back peaking"

# Angular correlation (2) (I.Ciepal)



peaking more pronounced if  $P_{miss}$  is larger ( $^{11}\text{B}$  more boosted)

# Conclusion

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- Recent investigation of the sensitivity of HADES data to SRCs using INCL++ cascade model :
  - From the quasi-elastic process, use of kinematic selection ( $P_{\pi^-} > 600$  MeV/c) to suppress rescatterings.
  - Small effect seen at large  $P_{\text{miss}}$  in data and comparison with INCL calculations including SRCs for quasi-elastic processes : signal of SRCs?
  - Study of  $pp\pi$  (I.Ciepal) : peaking not specific to SRC, but can be seen in sequential emission.
- Outlook:
  - Explore deeper SRC effects, in both 2 and 3-particle channels and test SRC models.
  - Test the INCL+SRC model at higher pion momentum 1700 MeV/c (data available).
  - Future experiment being prepared at GSI with HADES + neutron detectors  
Study  $Ag(p,p'pn)$  and  $Ag(p,ppp)$   $E_p=4.5$  GeV (see Tom Aumann presentation)

*Thank you for your attention !*