

Cluster radioactivity studies at S3

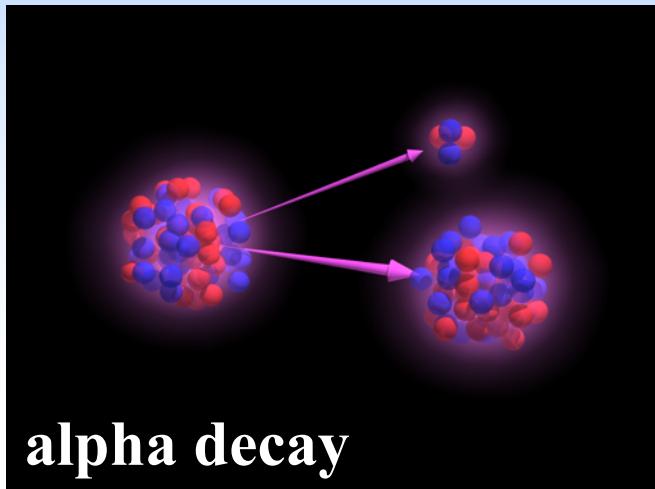
B. Blank

CEN Bordeaux-Gradignan

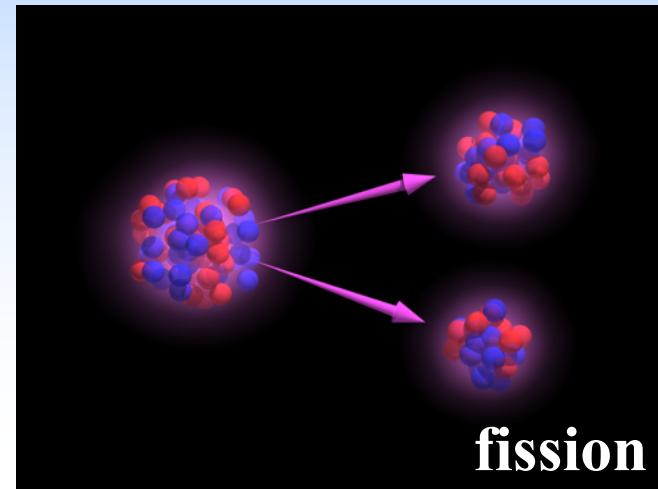
- Physics case
- Predictions
- Rates

First physics with S3, IRFU Saclay, 27-30 March 2017

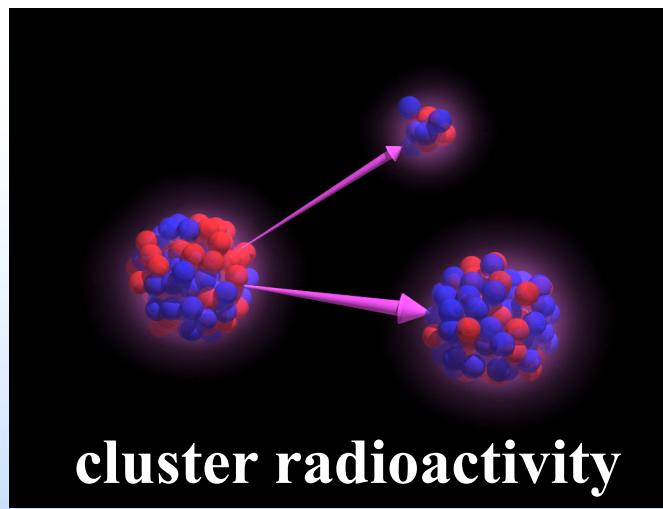
Cluster emission 1984



alpha decay



fission



cluster radioactivity

emitted clusters:

^{14}C , ^{20}O , ^{23}F ,

$^{22,24,25,26}\text{Ne}$,

$^{28,29,30}\text{Mg}$,

$^{32,34}\text{Si}$

Physics:

- first!
- cluster pre-formation
- super-allowed α decay

cluster emitters:

^{221}Fr ^{242}Cm

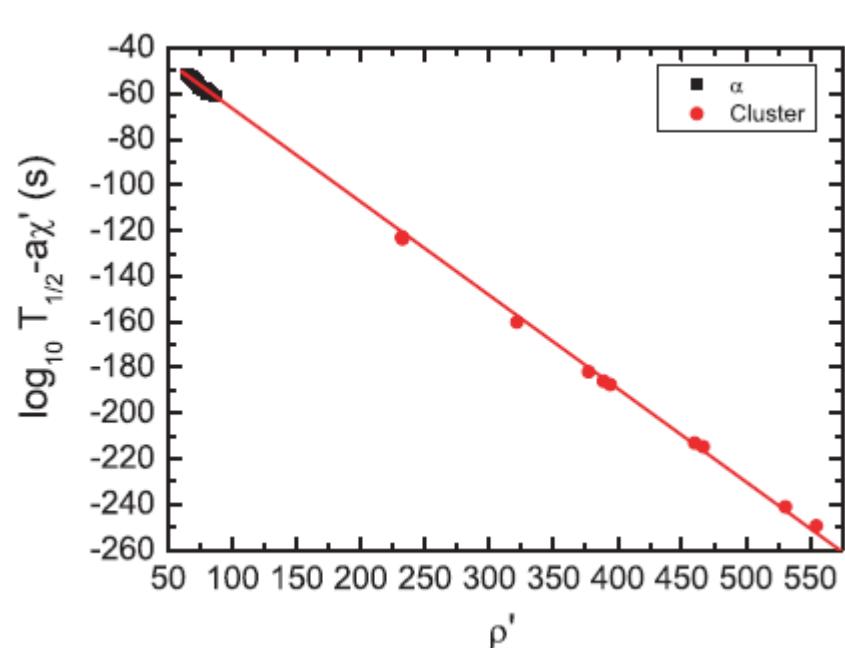
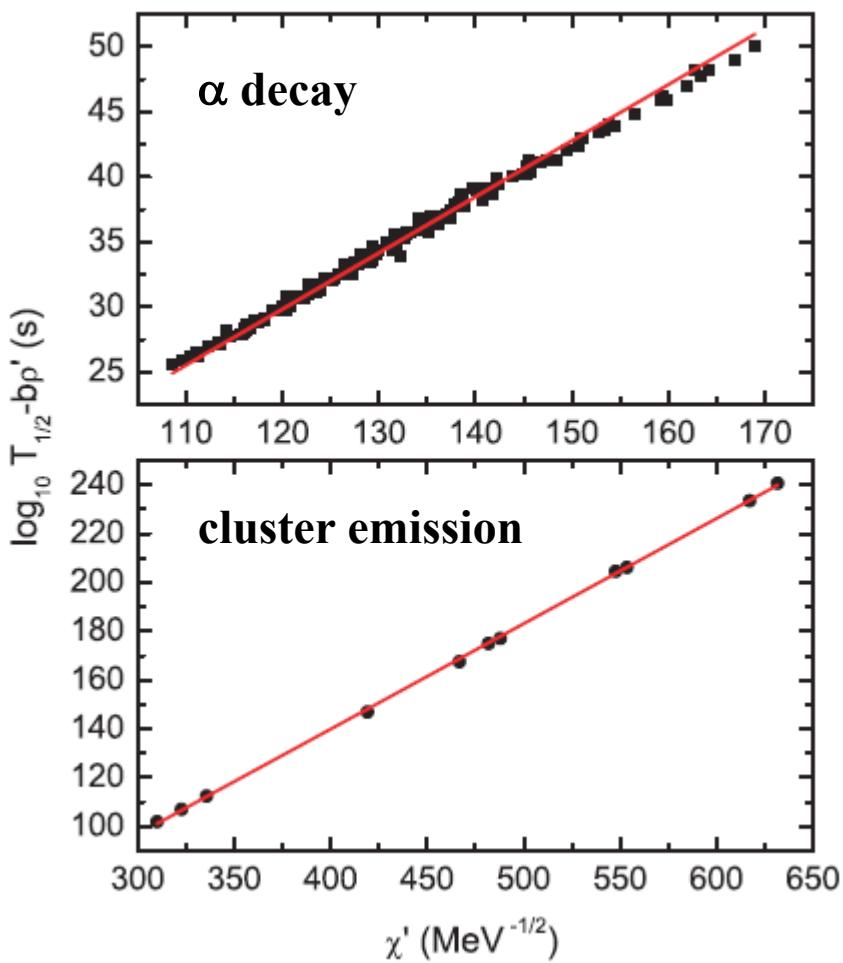
daughter nuclei:

^{208}Pb region

→ large binding

- A. Sandulescu, D.N. Poenaru, and W. Greiner, 1980
- H.J. Rose and G.A. Jones, 1984

Prediction of half-lives



New island of cluster emission: above Sn-100

- best candidates: ^{12}C emission from ^{114}Ba and ^{112}Ba

Emitter	Cluster	Q_α (MeV)	$T_{1/2}(\alpha)$ (s)	$Q_{^{12}\text{C}}$ (MeV)	$T_{1/2}(^{12}\text{C})$ (s)	$T_{1/2}(\beta)$ (s)
^{112}Ba	^{12}C	4.65	0.01	21.37	335	0.04
^{114}Ba	^{12}C	3.53	725	18.98	10^7	0.43
$^{114}\text{Ba(exp)}$	^{12}C	3.60(3)	44	19.02(3)		$0.395^{+0.160}_{-0.089}$

case of ^{114}Ba : $10^7 / 0.43 = 2.3 * 10^7$ events

case of ^{112}Ba : $335 / 0.01 = 3.4 * 10^4$ events

S3 experiment rates: α decay

^{114}Ba : α decay

- ^{58}Ni beam: 248 MeV, 2.2 p μ A, target: ^{58}Ni 1mg/cm²
 - cross section: 0.2 μ b (exp.: $0.2^{+0.13}_{-0.09}$ μ b, 0.15(9) μ b)
 - transmission: 0.5
- 15 pps
- $\text{BR}(\alpha)_{\text{predicted}} = 6 \times 10^{-4}$ → 0.5 α decays per min
 - $\text{BR}(\alpha)_{\text{experiment}} = 9 \times 10^{-3}$ → 8 α decays per min

^{112}Ba : α decay

- ^{58}Ni beam: 280 MeV, 2.2 p μ A, target: ^{58}Ni 1mg/cm²
- cross section: ~ 0.1 nb
 - transmission: 0.5
- 0.01 pps
- $\text{BR}(\alpha) = 0.8$ → 0.5 α decays per min

S3 experiment rates: ^{12}C cluster decay

^{114}Ba :

- ^{58}Ni beam: 248 MeV, 2.2 p μA , target: ^{58}Ni 1mg/cm²
- cross section: 0.2 μb
- transmission: 0.5
- 15 pps
- $\text{BR}(^{12}\text{C}) = 4 * 10^{-8}$ → 1 ^{12}C decay in 20 days

^{112}Ba :

- ^{58}Ni beam: 280 MeV, 2.2 p μA , target: ^{58}Ni 1mg/cm²
- cross section: ~ 0.1 nb
 - transmission: 0.5
 - 0.01 pps
 - $\text{BR}(^{12}\text{C}) = 2 * 10^{-5}$ → 1 ^{12}C decay in 60 days

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- ^{58}Ni beam: 280 MeV, 11 p μA , target: ^{58}Ni 1mg/cm²
- ^{114}Ba : → 1 ^{12}C decay in 4 days
- ^{112}Ba : → 1 ^{12}C decay in 15 days

Possible experiments

First experiments with S3 focal plane detectors:

- ^{114}Ba :
 - confirm results from GSI and JYFL
 - identify $\alpha - \alpha - \alpha$ decay chain
 - improve precision on half-life and BR
 - search for cluster decay?
 - ➔ Only with higher primary beam intensity...
 - ^{112}Ba :
 - search for $\alpha - \alpha - \alpha$ decay chain
 - determination of Q value for ^{12}C emission
 - new determination of cluster BR
- ➔ ➔ following experiments depend on results
➔ ➔ development of dedicated setup?
➔ TPC?

Conclusions

- ^{114}Ba :
 - improve existing results
 - search for ^{12}C decay maybe with higher intensity
- ^{112}Ba :
 - search for $\alpha - \alpha - \alpha$ decay chain
 - search for cluster radioactivity depends on $Q_{12\text{C}}$

Thank you
for
your attention

New island of cluster emission: above Sn-100

- best candidates: ^{12}C emission from ^{114}Ba and ^{112}Ba

Emitter	Cluster	Q_α (MeV)	$T_{1/2}(\alpha)$ (s)	$Q_{^{12}\text{C}}$ (MeV)	$T_{1/2}(^{12}\text{C})$ (s)	$T_{1/2}(\beta)$ (s)	$Q_{2\text{p}}$ (MeV)	$T_{1/2}(2\text{p})$ (s)
^{110}Xe	^{12}C	3.89	0.164	15.73	10^{13}	0.2		
^{112}Xe	^{12}C	3.33	300	14.28	10^{17}	2.7		
^{112}Ba	^{12}C	4.65	0.01	21.37	335	0.04	1.912	10^6
^{114}Ba	^{12}C	3.53	725	18.98	10^7	0.43		