

Cluster radioactivity studies at S3

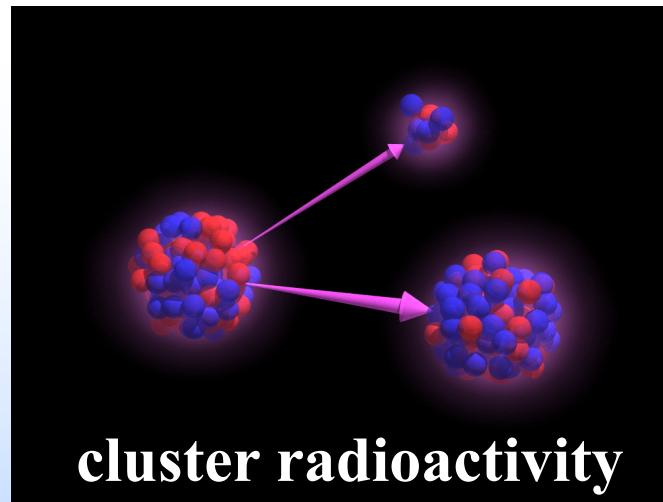
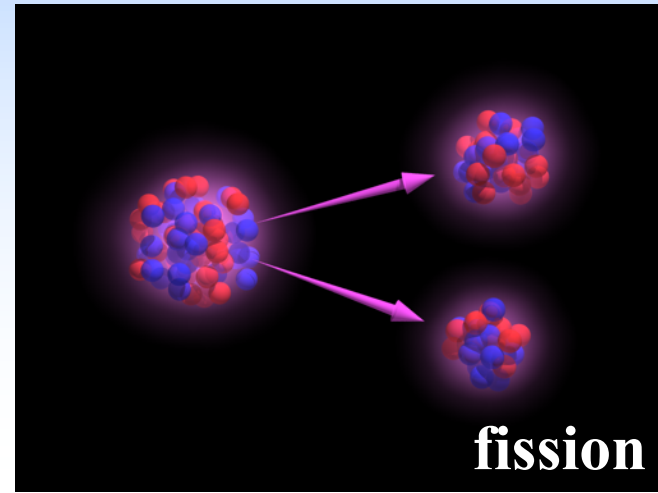
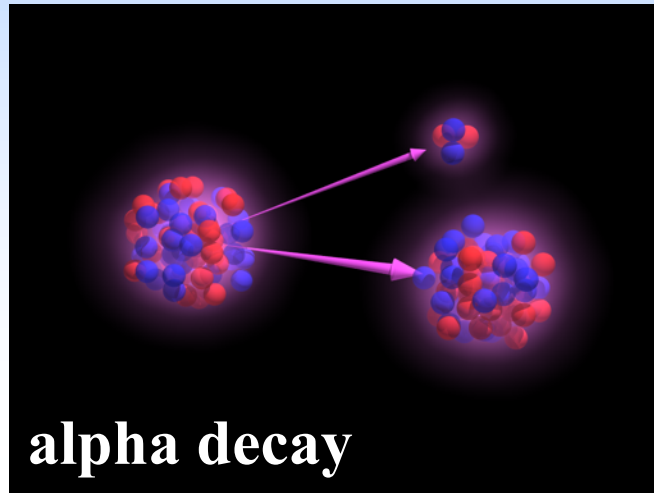
B. Blank

CEN Bordeaux-Gradignan

- **Physics case**
- **Predictions**
- **Rates**

First physics with S3, IRFU Saclay, 27-30 March 2017

Cluster emission 1984



emitted clusters:

^{14}C , ^{20}O , ^{23}F ,
 $^{22,24,25,26}\text{Ne}$,
 $^{28,29,30}\text{Mg}$,
 $^{32,34}\text{Si}$

cluster emitters:

^{221}Fr ^{242}Cm

daughter nuclei:

^{208}Pb region

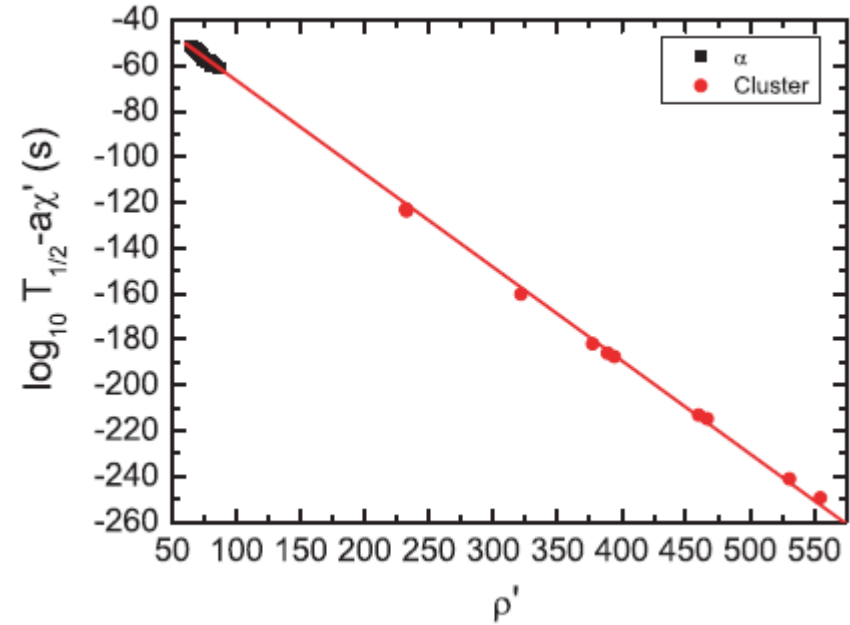
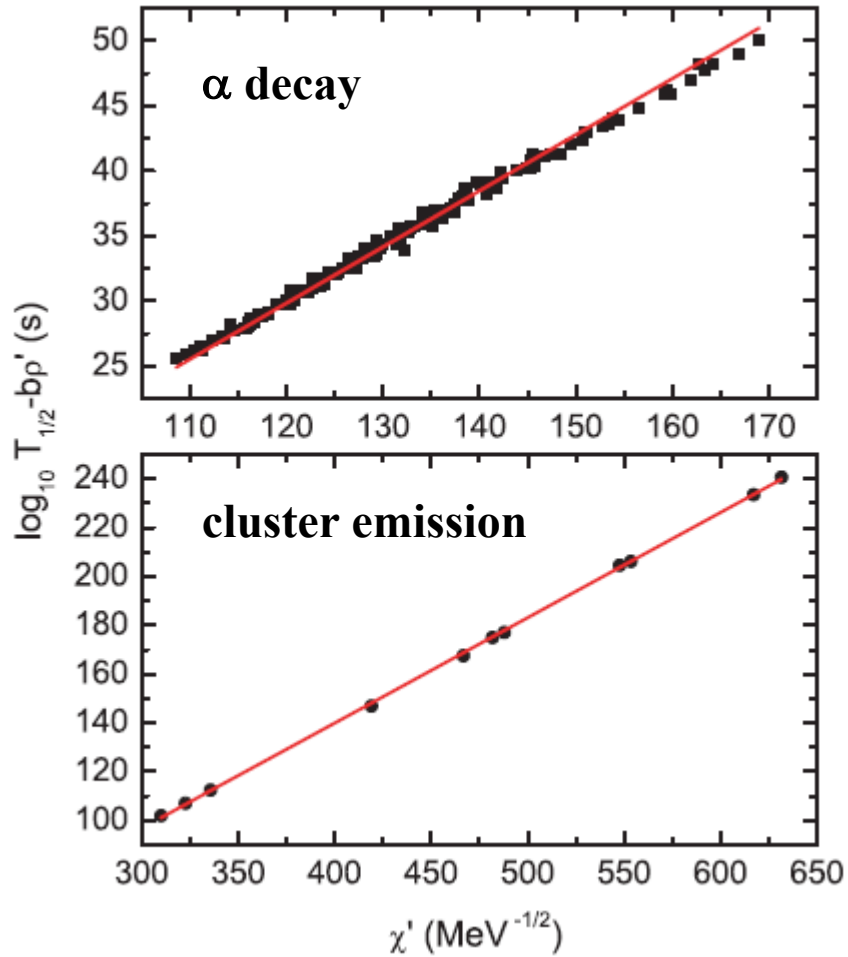
→ large binding

Physics:

- first!
- cluster pre-formation
- super-allowed α decay

- A. Sandulescu, D.N. Poenaru, and W. Greiner, 1980
- H.J. Rose and G.A. Jones, 1984

Prediction of half-lives



New island of cluster emission: above Sn-100

- best candidates: ^{12}C emission from ^{114}Ba and ^{112}Ba

Emitter	Cluster	Q_α (MeV)	$T_{1/2}(\alpha)$ (s)	$Q_{^{12}\text{C}}$ (MeV)	$T_{1/2}(^{12}\text{C})$ (s)	$T_{1/2}(\beta)$ (s)
^{112}Ba	^{12}C	4.65	0.01	21.37	335	0.04
^{114}Ba	^{12}C	3.53	725	18.98	10^7	0.43
$^{114}\text{Ba}(\text{exp})$	^{12}C	3.60(3)	44	19.02(3)		$0.395^{+0.160}_{-0.089}$

case of ^{114}Ba : $10^7 / 0.43 = 2.3 * 10^7$ events

case of ^{112}Ba : $335 / 0.01 = 3.4 * 10^4$ events

S3 experiment rates: α decay

^{114}Ba : α decay

- ^{58}Ni beam: 248 MeV, 2.2 μA , target: ^{58}Ni 1mg/cm²
- cross section: 0.2 μb (exp.: $0.2_{-0.09}^{+0.13}$ μb , 0.15(9) μb)
- transmission: 0.5
- 15 pps
- $\text{BR}(\alpha)_{\text{predicted}} = 6 \cdot 10^{-4} \rightarrow 0.5$ α decays per min
- $\text{BR}(\alpha)_{\text{experiment}} = 9 \cdot 10^{-3} \rightarrow 8$ α decays per min

^{112}Ba : α decay

- ^{58}Ni beam: 280 MeV, 2.2 μA , target: ^{58}Ni 1mg/cm²
- cross section: ~ 0.1 nb
- transmission: 0.5
- 0.01 pps
- $\text{BR}(\alpha) = 0.8 \rightarrow 0.5$ α decays per min

S3 experiment rates: ^{12}C cluster decay

^{114}Ba :

- ^{58}Ni beam: 248 MeV, 2.2 μA , target: ^{58}Ni 1mg/cm²
- cross section: 0.2 μb
- transmission: 0.5
- 15 pps
- $\text{BR}(^{12}\text{C}) = 4 \cdot 10^{-8} \rightarrow 1 \text{ }^{12}\text{C} \text{ decay in 20 days}$

^{112}Ba :

- ^{58}Ni beam: 280 MeV, 2.2 μA , target: ^{58}Ni 1mg/cm²
- cross section: $\sim 0.1 \text{ nb}$
- transmission: 0.5
- 0.01 pps
- $\text{BR}(^{12}\text{C}) = 2 \cdot 10^{-5} \rightarrow 1 \text{ }^{12}\text{C} \text{ decay in 60 days}$

^{58}Ni beam: 280 MeV, **11 μA** , target: ^{58}Ni 1mg/cm²

^{114}Ba : → 1 ^{12}C decay in 4 days

^{112}Ba : → 1 ^{12}C decay in 15 days

Possible experiments

First experiments with S3 focal plane detectors:

- ^{114}Ba :

- confirm results from GSI and JYFL

- identify $\alpha - \alpha - \alpha$ decay chain

- improve precision on half-life and BR

- search for cluster decay?

- ➔ Only with higher primary beam intensity...

- ^{112}Ba :

- search for $\alpha - \alpha - \alpha$ decay chain

- determination of Q value for ^{12}C emission

- new determination of cluster BR

- ➔ ➔ following experiments depend on results

- ➔ ➔ development of dedicated setup?

- ➔ TPC?

Conclusions

- ^{114}Ba :
 - improve existing results
 - search for ^{12}C decay maybe with higher intensity
- ^{112}Ba :
 - search for $\alpha - \alpha - \alpha$ decay chain
 - search for cluster radioactivity depends on $Q_{^{12}\text{C}}$

Thank you
for
your attention

New island of cluster emission: above Sn-100

- best candidates: ^{12}C emission from ^{114}Ba and ^{112}Ba

Emitter	Cluster	Q_α (MeV)	$T_{1/2}(\alpha)$ (s)	$Q_{^{12}\text{C}}$ (MeV)	$T_{1/2}(^{12}\text{C})$ (s)	$T_{1/2}(\beta)$ (s)	Q_{2p} (MeV)	$T_{1/2}(2p)$ (s)
^{110}Xe	^{12}C	3.89	0.164	15.73	10^{13}	0.2		
^{112}Xe	^{12}C	3.33	300	14.28	10^{17}	2.7		
^{112}Ba	^{12}C	4.65	0.01	21.37	335	0.04	1.912	10^6
^{114}Ba	^{12}C	3.53	725	18.98	10^7	0.43		